# PRODUCT KEY FACTS

# **SPDR** GOLD SHARES

World Gold Trust Services, LLC

SPDR® Gold Trust April 2025

This is a passive exchange traded fund ("ETF").

This statement provides you with key information about this product.

This statement is a part of the Prospectus.

You should not invest in this product based on this statement alone.

**Quick facts** 

Stock Code: 02840 – HKD Counter

82840 – RMB Counter 09840 – USD Counter 5 Shares – HKD Counter

Trading lot size: 5 Shares – HKD Counter

5 Shares – RMB Counter 5 Shares – USD Counter

Sponsor: World Gold Trust Services, LLC, an indirect

wholly-owned subsidiary of the World Gold Council, a not-for-profit association registered

under Swiss law

Trustee: The Bank of New York Mellon

Custodians: HSBC Bank plc and JPMorgan Chase Bank,

N.A.

Marketing Agent: State Street Global Advisors Funds Distributors,

LLC (formerly State Street Global Markets, LLC)

Estimated Expenses: 0.40% per annum of the daily net asset value

("NAV")

Ongoing charges over year\*: 0.40%
Tracking difference of the last calendar year\*\* 0.57%

Underlying Benchmark: The afternoon fixing price of an ounce of gold

based on an auction administered by the ICE Benchmark Administration Limited (LBMA Gold

Price PM)

Base currency: US Dollars (USD)

Trading currency: Hong Kong Dollars (HKD) – HKD Counter

Renminbi (RMB) - RMB Counter

United States dollars (USD) - USD Counter

Dividend Policy: No dividends will be paid

Financial year end of this fund: 30 September

ETF Website: www.spdrgoldshares.com<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> The Hong Kong Prospectus incorporates and should be read in conjunction with the attached U.S. Prospectus for the Trust, the latest available U.S. annual report and the latest available U.S. quarterly report filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (collectively, the "**Prospectus**").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The ETF website has not been reviewed by the Securities and Futures Commission ("SFC") and may contain information of funds not authorized by the SFC.

<sup>\*</sup> The ongoing charges figure is based on expenses for the 12 month period ended 31 December 2024. This may vary from year to year. The ongoing charges figure is an annual figure calculated by adding the applicable

# What is this product?

SPDR® Gold Trust (the "**Trust**") is a standalone investment trust formed under New York law. The Trust is an ETF which holds gold bullion. Shares of the Trust (the "**Shares**") are primarily traded on NYSE Arca, Inc. ("**NYSE Arca**") and are also traded on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("**SEHK**"). As to the other exchanges on which the Trust is listed, please refer to the Prospectus for details.

The Trust is sponsored by World Gold Trust Services, LLC, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the World Gold Council, and marketed by State Street Global Advisors Funds Distributors, LLC, an affiliate of State Street Global Advisors. State Street Global Advisors Asia Limited, the Hong Kong Representative of the Trust, is the primary contact point for investors in Hong Kong.

# **Objective and Investment Strategy**

#### **Objective**

The investment objective of the Trust is for the Shares to reflect the performance of the price of gold bullion, less the Trust's expenses.

#### Strategy

The Trust holds gold bullion and from time to time issues Shares in blocks of 100,000 Shares ("Baskets") in exchange for deposits of gold and distributes gold in connection with the redemption of Baskets.

The Shares are intended to offer investors an opportunity to participate in the gold market through an investment in securities whilst the logistics of storing and insuring gold are dealt with by the Custodians and the related expenses are built into the price of the Shares.

The Shares represent units of fractional undivided beneficial interest in and ownership of the Trust. The Trust is not managed like a corporation or an active investment vehicle. The gold held by the Trust will only be sold: (1) on an as-needed basis to pay Trust expenses, (2) in the event the Trust terminates and liquidates its assets, or (3) as otherwise required by law or regulation.

The Trust does not and will not invest in derivative financial instruments or long-term debt instruments. The Trust does not engage in transactions in foreign currencies which could expose the Trust or Shareholders to any foreign currency related market risk.

The Trustee is not permitted to borrow for payment of the Trust's ordinary expenses. In order to pay ongoing expenses of the Trust, the Trustee may be directed to sell gold bullion.

#### **Benchmark**

The LBMA Gold Price PM is a price quoted in USD that is based on an auction administered by ICE Benchmark Administration Limited ("**IBA**") in London and published by the London Bullion Market Association ("**LBMA**") usually by 15:00 (London time). The LBMA Gold Price PM was initiated on 20 March 2015 and replaced the London PM Fix. The NAV of the Trust is valued by reference to the LBMA Gold Price

charges and payments deducted from the assets of the Trust and then dividing by the NAV for the year attributable to the relevant share class.

<sup>\*\*</sup> This is the actual tracking difference of the last calendar year. Investors should refer to the ETF website for more up-to-date information on actual tracking difference.

PM. You may view the LBMA Gold Price PM published by the LBMA at any time on the LBMA's website www.lbma.org.uk<sup>3</sup> under "London Prices".

You may also view the indicative intra-day NAV and latest NAV per Share at the following website: <a href="https://www.spdrgoldshares.com">www.spdrgoldshares.com</a>

# Use of derivatives / investment in derivatives

The Trust will not use derivatives for any purposes.

# What are the key risks?

Investment involves risks. Please refer to the Prospectus for details including the risk factors.

#### 1. Gold market risk/Investment risk

- The value of the Shares relates directly to the value of the gold held by the Trust (less the Trust's expenses) and fluctuation in the price of gold may materially adversely affect the value of the Shares. The Shares have experienced significant price fluctuations.
- The price of gold may be affected by the sale of gold by ETFs or other exchange traded vehicles tracking gold markets.
- While gold is used to preserve wealth by investors around the world, there is no assurance that gold will maintain its long-term value in terms of its long-term future purchasing power. In the event that the price of gold declines, it is expected the value of the Shares will decline proportionately.
- Investment involves risk, in particular the Trust invests in one single commodity asset class which may result in higher price volatility compared to more diversified mutual funds or unit trusts investing in portfolios of securities. There is no guarantee that you will get back your original investment.

#### 2. Calculation of the LBMA Gold Price PM

- The value of the gold held by the Trust is determined using the LBMA Gold Price PM. Potential discrepancies in the calculation of the LBMA Gold Price PM, as well as any future changes to the LBMA Gold Price PM, could impact the value of the gold held by the Trust and could have an adverse effect on the value of an investment in the Shares.
- If the LBMA Gold Price PM is discontinued, the Sponsor may, in consultation with the Trustee, seek the SFC's prior approval to replace the LBMA Gold Price PM with another benchmark that is similarly appropriate for the valuation of the Trust's gold. If the Sponsor and the Trustee do not agree within a reasonable period on a suitable replacement benchmark acceptable to the SFC, the Sponsor and Trustee may until such time as a suitable benchmark price is agreed upon, suspend creations and redemptions in Shares. If there were a prolonged delay in agreeing a suitable benchmark with the SFC, the Trust's shares could be delisted, which could also lead to the termination of the Trust.
- The calculation of the LBMA Gold Price PM is not an exact process. Rather it is based upon a procedure of matching orders from participants in the auction process and their customers to sell gold with orders from participants in the auction process and their customers to buy gold at particular prices. The LBMA Gold Price PM does not therefore purport to reflect each buyer or seller of gold in the market, nor does it purport to set a definitive price for gold at which all orders for sale or purchase will take place on that particular day or time.
- The LBMA Gold Price replaced the London Gold Fix on 20 March 2015. In the event that the LBMA Gold Price PM does not prove to be an accurate benchmark, and the LBMA Gold Price PM varies

The LBMA website has not been reviewed by the SFC and may contain information of funds not authorized by the SFC.

The ETF website has not been reviewed by the SFC and may contain information of funds not authorized by the SFC.

materially from the price determined by other mechanisms, the NAV of the Trust and the value of an investment in the Shares could be adversely impacted.

• Neither the Sponsor nor the Trustee has any control or supervision over the auction process of the LBMA Gold Price PM or the operation and systems of LBMA and IBA.

#### 3. Custody and Insurance risk

- The Trust's gold may be subject to loss, damage, theft or restriction on access. The Trust does not insure its gold. Each Custodian maintains insurance which it considers appropriate for its custody and/or bullion business. Consequently, the Trust may suffer a loss with respect to the Trust's gold which is not covered by insurance and for which no person is liable in damages.
- Because neither the Trustee nor any of the Custodians oversees or monitors the activities of subcustodians who may temporarily hold the Trust's gold bars until transported to the relevant Custodian's vault premises, failure by the subcustodians to exercise due care in the safekeeping of the Trust's gold bars could result in a loss to the Trust.
- The ability of the Trustee and the Custodians to take legal action against subcustodians may be limited, which increases the possibility that the Trust may suffer a loss if a subcustodian does not use due care in the safekeeping of the Trust's gold bars.
- The custody operations of the Custodians are not subject to specific governmental regulatory supervision.

#### 4. Passive investments

• The Trust is not managed like a corporation or an active investment vehicle and no manager has been appointed. Therefore, no attempt will be made to buy or sell gold to protect against or to take advantage of fluctuations in the price of gold. This means that the value of Shares may be adversely affected by Trust losses that, if the Trust had been actively managed, might have been possible to avoid.

#### 5. Trading risk

- Only "Authorized Participants" (i.e. financial institutions which have entered into arrangements with the Sponsor, the Trustee and the Custodians) may place orders to create or redeem Baskets of Shares in the U.S. and redemption orders may be postponed, suspended or rejected by the Trustee in certain circumstances. Prospective investors in Hong Kong may enquire with State Street Global Advisors Asia Limited, the Hong Kong Representative of the Trust for details of the creation and redemption procedures. However, as the Shares are listed on the SEHK, prospective investors may buy or sell the Shares at any time during a trading day. Please refer to the list of Authorized Participants in section 1 headed "Summary" in the Prospectus.
- The liquidity of the Shares may be affected by the withdrawal of Authorized Participants.
- Subject to applicable regulatory requirements, the Sponsor will use its best endeavours to ensure that
  there is at least one market maker for the Trust in Hong Kong to maintain a market for each of the
  HKD traded Shares, RMB traded Shares and USD traded Shares (although the market maker for
  different counters may be the same entity) and facilitate efficient trading, but there is no guarantee
  that the Sponsor will be able to do so on appropriate conditions and commercial terms. Please refer
  to SEHK's website for the latest list of market makers.
- The Shares may trade at a price which is at, above or below the NAV per Share (in USD only notwithstanding the Multi-Counter).
- Listing of the Shares on the SEHK does not guarantee a liquid market for the Shares, and the Shares may be suspended or delisted from the SEHK. The lack of an active trading market or a halt in trading of the Shares may result in investment losses when the Shares are sold.

#### 6. Currency risk

• Investors are subject to currency risk as the Shares in the HKD counter and the RMB counter traded on the SEHK are denominated in HKD or RMB, as applicable, but the Shares may only be created or redeemed in USD. Similarly, any distributions relating to the Shares which may be made by the Trust are in USD. To the extent a Hong Kong investor wishes to convert such USD holdings or distributions into HKD or RMB, fluctuations in the exchange rate between the HKD or RMB (as the case may be) and the USD may affect the value of the proceeds from a currency conversion.

#### 7. Selling gold to meet ongoing expenses

• The Trust does not generate income and as the Trust regularly sells gold to pay for its ongoing expenses, the amount of gold represented by each Share will reduce on an ongoing basis, irrespective of whether the trading price of the Shares rises or falls in response to changes in the price of gold. Moreover, as the Trustee sells gold to pay expenses on an as-need basis, it may be required to sell gold at a time when the gold price is low.

#### 8. Reliance on market maker risks

- Although the Sponsor will use its best endeavours to put in place arrangements so that at least one market maker will maintain a market for the Shares traded in each counter (although the market maker for different counters may be the same entity) and that at least one market maker to each counter is required to give not less than three (3) months' notice prior to terminating market making arrangement, liquidity in the market for the Shares may be adversely affected if there is no or only one market maker for the RMB, HKD or USD traded Shares. There is also no guarantee that any market making activity will be effective. Please refer to SEHK's website for the latest list of market makers.
- There may be less interest by potential market makers in making a market in Shares denominated and traded in RMB. Any disruption to the availability of RMB may adversely affect the capability of market makers in providing liquidity for the Shares.

#### 9. Tracking error risk

• The Shares may be subject to a tracking error risk, which is the risk that the performance of the Shares may not track the LBMA Gold Price PM exactly. This tracking error risk may result from the Trust regularly selling gold to pay for its ongoing expenses, irrespective of whether the trading price of the Shares rises or falls in response to changes in the price of gold. There can be no assurance of the exact or identical replication at any time of the performance of the LBMA Gold Price PM.

#### 10. Multi-Counter risk

- If there is a suspension of the inter-counter transfer of Shares between the counters and/or any limitation on the level of services by brokers and CCASS participants, Shareholders will only be able to trade their Shares in one counter only, which may inhibit or delay an investor dealing.
- The market price of Shares traded in each counter may deviate significantly. As such, investors may pay more or receive less when buying or selling Shares traded in HKD on the SEHK than in respect of Units traded in RMB or USD and vice versa.
- Investors without RMB or USD accounts may buy and sell HKD traded Shares only. Such investors will not be able to buy or sell RMB or USD traded Shares.

#### 11. General risks of investments associated with RMB currency

- While the Shares may only be created or redeemed in USD in the manner set out in the U.S. Prospectus, the Shares in the RMB counter traded on the Stock Exchange are denominated and traded in RMB. RMB is currently not freely convertible and is subject to exchange controls and restrictions. Although offshore RMB (CNH) and onshore RMB (CNY) are the same currency, they trade at different rates. Any divergence between CNH and CNY may adversely impact investors.
- Non-RMB based investors who buy and sell Shares traded in RMB are exposed to foreign exchange
  risk and there is no guarantee that the value of RMB against the investors' base currencies (for example
  USD) will not depreciate. Any depreciation of RMB could adversely affect the value of the investor's
  investment in Shares traded in RMB.

#### 12. RMB Trading and Settlement of Shares

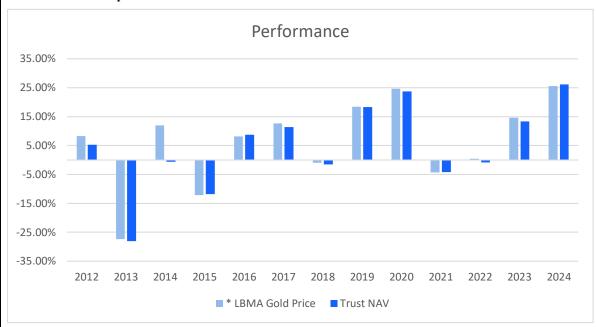
• The RMB traded Shares in the RMB counter are securities traded on the Stock Exchange, and settled in CCASS, in RMB. Not all brokers may be ready and able to carry out trading and settlement of RMB traded Shares and thus they may not be able to deal in the RMB traded Shares through some brokers. The limited availability of RMB outside the PRC may also affect the liquidity and trading price of the RMB traded Units.

#### 13. Risks relating to public health crises, geopolitical events and other hostilities

The Trust as well as the Sponsor and its service providers are vulnerable to the effects of geopolitical events, wars and other hostilities, including the conflict in the Middle East and the war in Ukraine.

• The Trust as well as the Sponsor and its service providers are vulnerable to the effects of public health crises, such as the coronavirus pandemic.

#### How has the Trust performed?



- Past performance information is not indicative of future performance. Investors may not get back the full amount invested.
- The computation basis of the performance is based on the calendar year end, NAV-To-NAV, including the reinvestment of any dividend. No dividends were issued during the period, nor are any expected to be issued in future periods.
- These figures show the percentage change in the NAV per Share (in USD notwithstanding the Multi-Counter) and the LBMA Gold Price (and prior to 20 March 2015, the London PM Fix) during the calendar year being shown. Performance data has been calculated in USD including ongoing charges and excluding the Trust's trading costs on the SEHK.
- Fund launch date: November 2004
- \* The LBMA Gold Price PM was initiated on 20 March 2015 and replaced the previous benchmark London PM Fix.

# Is there any guarantee?

The Trust does not have any guarantees. You may not get back the amount of money you invest.

# What are the fees and charges?

# Charges incurred when trading the Shares on SEHK

Fee	What you pay
Brokerage fees:	At each broker's discretion
SFC Transaction Levy:	0.0027% of the total consideration for the Shares of the Trust
AFRC Transaction Levy:	0.00015% of the total consideration for the Shares of the Trust

SEHK Trading Fee:	0.00565% of the total consideration for the Shares of the Trust
Stamp Duty:	Nil

*Investors should refer to section 6 (Fees) of the Hong Kong Prospectus for further details.* 

# Ongoing fee payable by the Trust<sup>5</sup>

The following fee will be paid out of the Trust. This fee will affect you because it reduces the NAV of the Trust which may affect the trading price.

Fee	Annual Rate (as a % of NAV)
Sponsor's fee:	0.40% of the daily NAV of the Trust per annum, accrued daily.6

#### Other fees

You may have to pay other fees to brokers when dealing in the Shares of the Trust.

# **Additional Information**

You can find the following information of the Trust at the following website at: www.spdrgoldshares.com/#hongkong<sup>7</sup>

- The Trust's Prospectus (including this Product Key Facts Statement);
- Indicative intra-day NAV and last closing NAV of the Trust in USD, HKD and RMB;
- Near real-time estimated NAV per Share (i.e. Reference Underlying Portfolio Value per Share) throughout each trading day in USD, HKD and RMB;
- Any public announcements or notices made by the Trust, including notices of suspension and resumption of trading;
- Latest available annual report of the Trust on Form 10-K;
- Latest available quarterly reports of the Trust on Form 10-Q;
- The latest U.S. Prospectus; and
- List of Authorized Participants which is disclosed in the Prospectus.

### **Important**

If you are in doubt, you should seek professional advice.

The Securities and Futures Commission takes no responsibility for the contents of this statement and makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Investors should refer to section 6 (*Fees*) of the Hong Kong Prospectus for further details.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The Trust's only recurring fixed expense is the Sponsor's fee which accrues daily at an annual rate equal to 0.40% of the daily NAV, in exchange for the Sponsor assuming the responsibility to pay all ordinary fees and expenses of the Trust which include the fees and expenses of the Trustee, the fees and expenses of the Custodians for the custody of the Trust's gold bars, the fees and expenses of the Sponsor, certain taxes, the fees of the Marketing Agent, printing and mailing costs, legal and audit fees, registration fees, NYSE Arca listing fees and other marketing costs and expenses. The Sponsor was paid US\$242,094,239 for its services for the year ending 30 September 2024. The Sponsor does not pay any trailer fees with respect to the Trust.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The ETF website has not been reviewed by the SFC and may contain information of funds not authorized by the SFC.

# HONG KONG PROSPECTUS

# SPDR® Gold Trust

# SPDR® Gold Shares

HKD Counter Stock Code: 02840

RMB Counter Stock Code: 82840

USD Counter Stock Code: 09840

Application was made to the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 20 June 2008 for permission to list and deal in and for quotation of the SPDR® Gold Shares (the "Shares") of the SPDR® Gold Trust (the "Trust") which are traded in Hong Kong dollars and already issued, as well as Shares which may be issued from time to time. Dealings on the Stock Exchange in the Shares which are traded in Renminbi and United States dollars began on 29 October 2024. The Stock Exchange, the Hong Kong Securities Clearing Company Limited ("HKSCC") and the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission (the "SFC") take no responsibility for the contents of this Prospectus, make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaim any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the content of this Prospectus.

The Trust is established under the laws of the State of New York and is constituted outside Hong Kong.

The Trust has been authorised by the SFC under Section 104 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571) of Hong Kong (the "SFO"). The SFC does not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of the Trust or the correctness of any statement made or opinion expressed in this Prospectus.

Authorisation by the SFC is not a recommendation or endorsement of a product nor does it guarantee the commercial merits of a product or its performance. It does not mean the product is suitable for all investors nor is it an endorsement of its suitability for any particular investor or class of investors.

You should note that the Trust is not like a typical unit trust offered to the public in Hong Kong. Amongst other things, the Trust's assets only consist of allocated gold bullion, gold credited to an unallocated gold account and, from time to time, cash. Furthermore, whilst World Gold Trust Services, LLC (the "Sponsor") regularly communicates with The

Bank of New York Mellon (the "Trustee") to monitor the overall performance of the Trust, the Trust is not managed like a corporation or an active investment vehicle and no manager has been appointed.

The Shares will trade on the Stock Exchange at market prices throughout the trading day. Market prices for the Shares are likely to be different from their net asset value (the "NAV") and the Shares may trade at a price which is at, above or below the NAV per Share (in USD only notwithstanding the Multi-Counter).

The Stock Exchange imposes certain requirements for the continued listing of securities, including the Shares, on the Stock Exchange. You cannot be assured that the Shares will continue to meet the requirements necessary to maintain the listing of the Shares on the Stock Exchange or that the Stock Exchange will not change the listing requirements.

An investment in a precious metals fund carries risks of a different nature from other types of collective investment schemes which invest in transferable securities, and a precious metals fund may not be suitable for persons who are averse to such risks. Please refer to paragraph 7 of this Prospectus for a disclosure of the risks that may be applicable to an investment in the Shares. An investment in a precious metals fund is not intended to be a complete investment programme for any investor. As a prospective investor, you should carefully consider whether an investment in a precious metals fund is suitable for you, taking into account, your investment objectives, risk appetite and the potential price movements of precious metals. You are responsible for your own investment choices.

If you are in doubt as to the contents of this Prospectus, you should consult your stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other professional adviser.

This Prospectus incorporates and should be read in conjunction with the attached U.S. prospectus for the Trust, the latest available U.S. annual report and the latest available U.S. quarterly report of the Trust filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

"SPDR" is a product of S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC ("SPDJI"), and has been licensed for use by State Street Corporation. "Standard and Poor's" and "S&P" are registered trademarks of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC ("S&P"); "Dow Jones" is a registered trademark of Dow Jones Trademark Holdings LLC ("Dow Jones"); "SPDR" is a trademark of SPDJI; and these trademarks have been licensed for use by SPDJI and sublicensed for certain purposes by State Street Corporation. State Street Corporation's financial products are not sponsored, endorsed, sold, or promoted by SPDJI, Dow Jones, S&P, their respective affiliates and none of such parties make any representation regarding the advisability of investing in such product(s) nor do they have any liability for any errors, omissions, or interruptions of SPDR. Further limitations that could affect your rights may be found in the U.S. prospectus for the Trust dated 4 October 2022.

WITHOUT LIMITING ANY OF THE FOREGOING IN NO EVENT SHALL S&P HAVE ANY LIABILITY FOR ANY SPECIAL, PUNITIVE, INDIRECT, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO LOST PROFITS), EVEN IF NOTIFIED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

THE LBMA GOLD PRICE, WHICH IS ADMINISTERED AND PUBLISHED BY ICE BENCHMARK ADMINISTRATION LIMITED("IBA"), SERVES AS, OR AS PART OF, AN INPUT OR UNDERLYING REFERENCE FOR SPDR® GOLD TRUST.

THE LBMA GOLD PRICE IS A TRADEMARK OF PRECIOUS METALS PRICES LIMITED, AND IS LICENSED TO IBA AS THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE LBMA GOLD PRICE. ICE BENCHMARK ADMINISTRATION IS A TRADEMARK OF IBA AND/OR ITS AFFILIATES. THE LBMA GOLD PRICE PM, AND THE TRADEMARKS LBMA GOLD PRICE AND ICE BENCHMARK ADMINISTRATION, ARE USED BY SPDR® GOLD TRUST WITH PERMISSION UNDER LICENCE BY IBA.

IBA AND ITS AFFILIATES MAKE NO CLAIM, PREDICATION, WARRANTY OR REPRESENTATION WHATSOEVER, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO THE RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED FROM ANY USE OF THE LBMA GOLD PRICE, OR THE APPROPRIATENESS OR SUITABILITY OF THE LBMA GOLD PRICE FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE TO WHICH IT MIGHT BE PUT, INCLUDING WITH RESPECT TO SPDR® GOLD TRUST. TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, ALL IMPLIED TERMS, CONDITIONS AND WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, AS TO QUALITY, MERCHANTABILTY, FITNESS FOR PURPOSE, TITLE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT, IN RELATION TO THE LBMA GOLD PRICE, ARE HEREBY EXCLUDED AND NONE OF IBA OR ANY OF ITS AFFILIATES WILL BE LIABLE IN CONTRACT OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE), FOR BREACH OF STATUTORY DUTY OR NUISANCE, FOR MISREPRESENTATION, OR UNDER ANTITRUST LAWS OR OTHERWISE, IN RESPECT OF ANY INACCURACIES, ERRORS, OMISSIONS, DELAYS, FAILURES, CESSATIONS OR CHANGES (MATERIAL OR OTHERWISE) IN THE LBMA GOLD PRICE, OR FOR ANY DAMAGE, EXPENSE OR OTHER LOSS (WHETHER DIRECT OR INDIRECT) YOU MAY SUFFER ARISING OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE LBMA GOLD PRICE OR ANY RELIANCE YOU MAY PLACE UPON IT.

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# SPDR® Gold Trust

# **Important Information**

This Prospectus relating to the SPDR® Gold Trust (the "Trust") incorporates and should be read in conjunction with the attached U.S. prospectus for the Trust dated 4 October 2022 (the "U.S. Prospectus"), the latest available U.S. annual report of the Trust on Form 10-K (the "Annual Report") and the latest available U.S. quarterly reports of the Trust on Form 10-Q (the "Quarterly Reports") (as applicable, as updated from time to time). Unless the context otherwise requires, terms defined in the U.S. Prospectus shall have the same meanings when used in this Prospectus.

The Trust is a standalone investment trust formed on 12 November 2004 under New York law pursuant to a trust indenture (the "**Trust Indenture**") between World Gold Trust Services, LLC (the "**Sponsor**") and The Bank of New York Mellon, (the "**Trustee**") (as the trustee of the Trust) dated as of 12 November 2004. The Trust issues SPDR® Gold Shares (the "**Shares**") which represent units of fractional undivided beneficial interest in, and ownership of, the Trust. The investment objective of the Trust is for the Shares to reflect the performance of the price of gold bullion, less the Trust's expenses. The Shares traded on the Stock Exchange are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

On 13 December 2007, the listing of the Trust and trading of the Shares were transferred from the New York Stock Exchange, Inc. ("NYSE") to an affiliated exchange of the NYSE, the NYSE Arca, Inc. ("NYSE Arca"). On 20 May 2008, the name of the Trust was changed to SPDR® Gold Trust from streetTRACKS® Gold Trust.

The Trust Indenture was amended on the following dates:

- 26 November 2007 to reflect the transfer of the listing of the Shares to NYSE Arca;
- 20 May 2008 to reflect the change in name of the Trust to SPDR® Gold Trust;
- 1 June 2011 to authorize the Trustee, on behalf of the Trust, to enter into an agreement with HSBC Bank USA, N.A. ("HSBC USA"), whereby HSBC USA would transfer all gold credited to the Trust's Unallocated Account to the Trust's Allocated Account by the end of each business day;
- 18 June 2014, which became effective as of 2 August 2014, to clarify and supplement certain provisions relating to the creation and redemption of shares, the creation and issuance of creation baskets, the definition of record date, the removal of a custodian, the waiver of the Sponsor's fee and the listing of the Shares on exchanges and securities markets;
- 20 March 2015 to reflect the Trust's use of the London Bullion Market Association gold price (the "LBMA Gold Price") when determining the net asset value ("NAV") of the Trust. There is currently no maximum period for which the Trust is allowed to exist under New York law;
- 14 April 2015, which became effective as of 17 July 2015, to change the manner in which the ordinary fees and expenses of the Trust are paid, whereby the

Sponsor shall be responsible for all ordinary fees and expenses of the Trust in return for the Trust's payment to the Sponsor of a fee of 0.40% per year of the daily NAV of the Trust, accrued daily, and to permit the Sponsor to compensate affiliates for providing marketing and other services to the Trust;

- 5 September 2017 to reflect the shortened standard settlement cycle from three business days to two business days for the Trust's creation and redemption procedures;
- 6 February 2020 to reflect the most recent good delivery rules published by the LBMA and provide flexibility for any future changes to such rules;
- 30 November 2022 to reflect the appointment of JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as an additional custodian of the Trust's gold; and
- 28 May 2024 to reflect the shortened standard settlement cycle from two business days to one business day for the Trust's creation and redemption procedures.

HSBC USA entered into a novation agreement with HSBC Bank plc (the "Existing Custodian") to transfer all its rights and obligations of HSBC USA under the Trust Indenture to the Existing Custodian. The novation agreement was effective 22 December 2014 and HSBC USA ceased to act as the custodian of the Trust on 21 December 2014.

On 30 November 2022, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. (the "Additional Custodian") (together with the Existing Custodian, each a "Custodian" and collectively the "Custodians") and the Trustee, solely in its capacity as trustee of the Trust, entered into an Allocated Precious Metal Account Agreement (the "Allocated Account Agreement") and an Unallocated Precious Metal Account Agreement (the "Unallocated Account Agreement" and together with the Allocated Account Agreement, the "Custody Agreements"). Pursuant to the Custody Agreements, the Additional Custodian acts as an additional custodian to safeguard the Trust's gold in vaults located in London, New York and Zurich effective from 6 December 2022.

The Sponsor accepts full responsibility for the accuracy of information contained in this Prospectus and confirms, having made all reasonable enquiries, that to the best of its knowledge and belief the facts stated and the opinions expressed in this Prospectus are fair and accurate in all material respects as of the date of this Prospectus, and there are no other facts the omission of which would make any statement in this Prospectus misleading.

This Prospectus does not constitute an offer or solicitation by anyone in any jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation is not lawful or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to anyone to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

You should seek professional advice to ascertain (a) the possible tax consequences, (b) the legal requirements and (c) any foreign exchange restrictions or exchange control requirements which you may encounter under the laws of the countries of your citizenship, residence or domicile for the acquisition, holding or disposal of Shares.

You should be aware that there is no assurance that gold will maintain its long-term value in terms of future purchasing power. If the price of gold declines, the Sponsor expects the value of an investment in the Shares to decline proportionately.

You are advised to carefully consider the risk factors set out (a) under the heading "Risk Factors" in the U.S. Prospectus, (b) in the Annual Report, (c) in the Quarterly Reports, and (d) in paragraph 7 of this Prospectus.

IMPORTANT: PLEASE READ AND RETAIN THIS PROSPECTUS TOGETHER WITH THE LATEST AVAILABLE U.S. PROSPECTUS, ANNUAL REPORT, AND QUARTERLY REPORTS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

#### **DIRECTORY**

Sponsor: World Gold Trust Services, LLC 685 Third Avenue Suite 2702

New York

New York 10017

United States of America

**Trustee:** The Bank of New York Mellon

2 Hanson Place Brooklyn

New York 11217

United States of America

Custodians: HSBC Bank plc

8 Canada Square London E14 5HQ United Kingdom

JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.

25 Bank Street London E14 5JP United Kingdom

Marketing Agent: State Street Global Advisors Funds Distributors,

LLC (formerly State Street Global Markets, LLC)

Channel Center One Iron Street

Boston

Massachusetts 02110 United States of America

**Auditors:** KPMG LLP

345 Park Avenue

New York

New York 10154

United States of America

**Hong Kong Representative:** State Street Global Advisors Asia Limited

68/F Two International Finance Centre

8 Finance Street

Central Hong Kong

Legal advisers as to U.S. law: Carter Ledyard & Milburn LLP

28 Liberty Street – Floor 41

New York

New York 10005

United States of America

**Legal advisers as to Hong Kong law:**Clifford Chance
27/F Jardine Hou

27/F Jardine House One Connaught Place

Central Hong Kong

<sup>\*</sup> Please refer to the Stock Exchange's website at <u>www.hkex.com.hk</u> for the latest list of market maker(s).

# SPDR® Gold Trust

# 1. **SUMMARY**

The following table is a summary of key information in respect of the Trust, and should be read in conjunction with the full text of this Prospectus.

Instrument Type	Exchange Traded Fund ("ETF")
Commencement of Dealing Date on the Stock Exchange	31 July 2008 – HKD Counter
the stock Exchange	29 October 2024 – RMB Counter
	29 October 2024 – USD Counter
Exchange Listing	The Stock Exchange, NYSE Arca, Singapore Exchange Limited ("SGX-ST"), Bolsa Mexicana de Valores ("BMV") and Tokyo Stock Exchange Group, Inc ("TSE")
Stock Code	02840 – HKD Counter
	82840 – RMB Counter
	09840 – USD Counter
Short Stock Name	SPDR GOLD TRT – HKD Counter
	SPDR GOLD TRT – R – RMB Counter
	SPDR GOLD TRT – U – USD Counter
Trading Board Lot Size	5 Shares – HKD Counter
	5 Shares – RMB Counter
	5 Shares – USD Counter
Trading Currency	Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$" or "HKD") – HKD Counter
	Renminbi ("RMB") – RMB Counter
	United States dollars ("USD" or "US\$") – USD Counter
Base Currency	United States dollars (USD)
Creation/Redemption Policy	Cash (in USD only) or in gold
In-kind Creation/Redemption (only by Authorized Participants)	Minimum of a Basket of 100,000 Shares (as at 31 December 2024, a Basket represented approximately 9,230.619 ounces of gold)
Trust Fund Size (total assets of the Trust at market value)	US\$73,240,168,734 based on the LBMA Gold Price PM on 31 December 2024
Sponsor	World Gold Trust Services, LLC
Trustee	The Bank of New York Mellon

Custodians	HSBC Bank plc and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.
Authorized Participants	Goldman Sachs & Co. LLC (formerly known as Goldman, Sachs & Co.), Goldman Sachs Execution & Clearing, L.P., HSBC Securities (USA) Inc., J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, Merrill Lynch Professional Clearing Corp., Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, RBC Capital Markets LLC, UBS Securities LLC, and Virtu Americas LLC (as at the date of this Prospectus).
Website	www.spdrgoldshares.com <sup>1</sup>

# 2. THE GOLD INDUSTRY

# 2.1 Sources of Gold Supply

Based on data from Gold Focus 2024, gold supply averaged 4,818 tonnes per year between 2019 and 2023. Sources of gold supply include both mine production and recycled above-ground stocks and, to a lesser extent, producer net hedging. The largest portion of gold supplied to the market is from mine production, which averaged approximately 3,588 tonnes per year from 2019 through 2023. The second largest source of annual gold supply is recycling gold, which is gold that has been recovered from jewelry and other fabricated products and converted back into marketable gold. Recycled gold averaged approximately 1,217 tonnes annually between 2019 through 2023.

# 2.2 Sources of Gold Demand

Based on data from Gold Focus 2024, gold demand averaged 4,103 tonnes per year between 2019 and 2023. Gold demand generally comes from four sources: jewelry, industry (including medical applications), investment and the official sector (including central banks and supranational organizations). The largest source of demand comes from jewelry fabrication, which accounted for approximately 49% of the identifiable demand from 2019 through 2023 followed by net physical investment, which represents identifiable investment demand, which accounted for approximately 26%.

Gold demand is widely dispersed throughout the world with significant contributions from India and China. In many countries there are seasonal fluctuations in the levels of demand for gold – especially jewelry. However, as a result of variations in the timing of seasons throughout the world, seasonal fluctuations in demand do not appear to have a significant impact on the global gold price.

Between 2019 and 2023, according to Gold Focus 2024, central bank purchases averaged 684 tonnes. The prominence given by market commentators to this activity coupled with the total amount of gold held by the official sector has resulted in this area being one of the more visible shifts in the gold market.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The ETF website has not been reviewed by the Securities and Futures Commission ("SFC") and may contain information of funds not authorized by the SFC.

# 2.3 Operation of the Gold Bullion Market

The global trade in gold consists of over-the-counter ("OTC") transactions in spot, forwards, and options and other derivatives, together with exchange-traded futures and options.

#### 2.3.1 Global Over-the-Counter Market

The OTC market trades on a continuous basis and accounts for most global gold trading. Market Makers and participants in the OTC market trade with each other and their clients on a principal-to-principal basis. All risks and issues of credit are between the parties directly involved in the transaction. The three products relevant to the London Bullion Market Association ("LBMA") market making are Spot (S), Forwards (F) and Options (O).<sup>2</sup> There are eleven LBMA Market Makers who provide the service in one, two or all three products.

LBMA membership information is provided as of the date of this Prospectus and is subject to change as new members are added and existing members are removed.

The OTC market provides a relatively flexible market in terms of quotes, price, size, destinations for delivery and other factors. Bullion dealers customize transactions to meet their clients' requirements. The OTC market has no formal structure and no open-outcry meeting place.

The main centers of the OTC market are London, New York and Zurich. Mining companies, central banks, manufacturers of jewelry and industrial products, together with investors and speculators, tend to transact their business through one of these centers. Centers such as Dubai and several cities in the Far East also transact substantial OTC market business. Bullion dealers have offices around the world and most of the world's major bullion dealers are either members or associate members of the LBMA.

In the OTC market, the standard size of gold trades ranges between 5,000 and 10,000 ounces. Bid-offer spreads are typically US\$0.50 per ounce. Transaction costs in the OTC market are negotiable between the parties and therefore vary widely, with some dealers willing to offer clients competitive prices for larger volumes, although this will vary according to the dealer, the client and market conditions. Cost indicators can be obtained from various information service providers as well as dealers.

Liquidity in the OTC market can vary from time to time during the course of the 24-hour trading day. Fluctuations in liquidity are reflected in adjustments to dealing spreads - the difference between a dealer's "buy" and "sell" prices. The period of greatest liquidity in the gold market generally occurs at the time of day when trading in the European time zones overlaps with trading in the United States, which is when OTC market trading in London, New York and other

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> http://www.lbma.org.uk/aboutmembership

centers coincides with futures and options trading on the Commodity Exchange Inc. ("COMEX").

#### 2.3.2 The London Bullion Market

Although the market for physical gold is global, most OTC market trades are cleared through London. In addition to coordinating market activities, the LBMA acts as the principal point of contact between the market and its regulators. A primary function of the LBMA is its involvement in the promotion of refining standards by maintenance of the "Good Delivery Lists", which are the lists of LBMA accredited smelters and assayers of gold. The LBMA also coordinates market clearing and vaulting, promotes good trading practices and develops standard documentation.

The term "loco London" refers to gold bars physically held in London that meet the specifications for weight, dimensions, fineness (or purity), identifying marks (including the assay stamp of an LBMA acceptable refiner) and appearance set forth in the good delivery rules, including with respect to the standards and specifications for gold bullion, promulgated by the LBMA from time to time. Gold bars meeting these requirements are known as "London Good Delivery Bars". The unit of trade in London is the troy ounce, whose conversion between grams is: 1,000 grams = 32.1507465 troy ounces and 1 troy ounce = 31.1034768 grams. A London Good Delivery Bar is acceptable for delivery in settlement of a transaction on the OTC market. Typically referred to as 400 ounce bars, a London Good Delivery Bar must contain between 350 and 430 fine troy ounces of gold, with a minimum fineness (or purity) of 995 parts per 1,000 (99.5%), be of good appearance and be easy to handle and stack. The fine gold content of a gold bar is calculated by multiplying the gross weight of the bar (expressed in units of 0.025 troy ounces) by the fineness of the bar.

# 2.3.3 LBMA Gold Price

The LBMA Gold Price is determined twice daily during London trading hours through an auction which provides reference gold prices for that day's trading. The LBMA Gold Price was initiated on 20 March 2015 and replaced the London PM Gold Fix. The auction that determines the LBMA Gold Price is a physically settled, electronic and tradeable auction, with the ability to settle trades in USD, euros or British pounds. The ICE Benchmark Administration (the "IBA") provides the auction platform and methodology as well as the overall administration and governance for the LBMA Gold Price. Many long-term contracts are expected to be priced on the basis of either the morning (AM) or afternoon (PM) LBMA Gold Price, and many market participants are expected to refer to one or the other of these prices when looking for a basis for valuations.

The Financial Conduct Authority (the "FCA") in the U.K. regulates the LBMA Gold Price.

You should refer to paragraph 7 of this Prospectus and the following documents for further information and risks regarding the LBMA Gold Price or the

predecessor London Fix: (a) U.S. Prospectus, (b) the Annual Report, and (c) the Quarterly Reports.

# 2.3.4 Futures Exchanges

The most significant gold futures exchange is the COMEX, part of the CME Group. It began to offer trading in gold futures contracts in 1974, and for most of the period since that date, it has been the largest exchange in the world for trading precious metals, futures and options. The Tokyo Commodity Exchange ("TOCOM") is another significant futures exchange and has been trading gold since 1982. Trading on these exchanges is based on fixed delivery dates and transaction sizes for the futures and options contracts traded. Trading costs are negotiable. As a matter of practice, only a small percentage of the futures market turnover ever comes to physical delivery of the gold represented by the contracts traded. Both exchanges permit trading on margin. Margin trading can add to the speculative risk involved given the potential for margin calls if the price moves against the contract holder. Both the COMEX and the TOCOM operate through a central clearance system, and in each case, the exchange acts as a counterparty for each member for clearing purposes.

Over recent years, China has become an important source of gold demand, and its futures markets have grown. Gold futures contracts are traded on the Shanghai Gold Exchange and the Shanghai Futures Exchange.

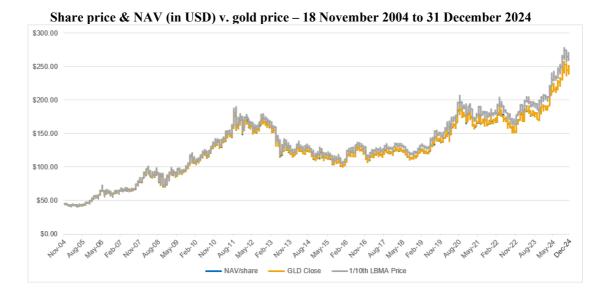
# 2.4 Market Regulation

The global gold markets are overseen and regulated by both governmental and self-regulatory organizations. In addition, certain trade associations have established rules and protocols for market practices and participants.

# 2.5 Movements in the Price of Gold

As movements in the price of gold are expected to directly affect the price of the Shares, you should understand what the recent movements in the price of gold have been. You should, however, also be aware that past movements in the gold price are not indicators of future movements.

The following chart provides historical background on the price of gold. The chart illustrates movements in the NAV per Share (in USD notwithstanding the Multi-Counter) compared to movements in the price of gold in USD per ounce over the period from the day the Shares began trading on the NYSE on 18 November 2004 to 31 December 2024, and is based on the previous gold pricing benchmark, the London PM Fix (as defined below), before it was replaced by the 3:00 p.m. London time LBMA Gold Price (the "LBMA Gold Price PM") on 20 March 2015. London Gold Market Fixing Limited had been publishing a fix during London trading hours, which provided reference gold prices for the day's trading (the "London Fix"). Market participants usually referred to either the morning (AM) or afternoon (PM) London Fix (the "London PM Fix") when looking for a basis for valuations.



# 2.6 Valuation of Gold, Definition of Net Asset Value

The value of the gold held by the Trust is determined using the LBMA Gold Price PM. Potential discrepancies in the calculation of the LBMA Gold Price PM, as well as any future changes to the LBMA Gold Price PM, could impact the value of the gold held by the Trust and could have an adverse effect on the value of an investment in the Shares.

The LBMA Gold Price is determined twice each business day (10:30 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. London time) by the participants in a physically settled, electronic and tradable auction administered by the IBA using a bidding process that determines the price of gold by matching buy and sell orders submitted by the participants for the applicable auction time. The NAV of the Trust is determined on each day the Trust's principal market, the NYSE Arca, is open for regular trading, using the LBMA Gold Price PM. The Trust, the Sponsor, and the Trustee do not participate in establishing the LBMA Gold Price. Other trusts backed by physical gold also use the LBMA Gold Price to determine their asset value. The LBMA Gold Price replaced the London Gold Fix on 20 March 2015 and has become a widely used benchmark for daily gold prices.

The Trustee values the gold held by the Trust and determines the NAV of the Trust on each day the NYSE Arca is open for regular trading, at the earlier of the LBMA Gold Price PM for the day or 12:00 PM New York time. If no LBMA Gold Price PM is announced on a particular evaluation day or if the LBMA Gold Price PM has not been announced by 12:00 PM New York time on a particular evaluation day, the next most recent LBMA Gold Price (AM or PM) is used in the determination of the NAV of the Trust, unless the Trustee, in consultation with the Sponsor, determines that such price is inappropriate to use as the basis for such determination. In the event that the Trustee and the Sponsor determine that such price is not an appropriate basis for valuation of the Trust's gold, they will identify an alternative basis for such valuation to be employed by the Trustee. While the Sponsor believes that the LBMA Gold Price is an appropriate indicator of the value of gold, there are other indicators that are available that could be different than the LBMA Gold Price. The use of such an alternative indicator could result in materially different fair value pricing of the gold in the Trust which could

result in different market value adjustments of the Trust's outstanding redeemable Shares. There can be no assurance that a future change, if any, in the LBMA Gold Price PM will not have a material effect on the Trust's operations.

Once the value of the gold has been determined, the Trustee subtracts all estimated accrued sponsor fees, expenses and other liabilities of the Trust from the total value of the gold and all other assets of the Trust (other than any amounts credited to the Trust's reserve account, if established). The resulting figure is the NAV of the Trust. Notwithstanding a Multi-Counter being adopted for the Trust, the Trustee determines the NAV per Share by dividing the NAV of the Trust in USD by the number of Shares outstanding as of the close of trading on the NYSE Arca.

If the LBMA Gold Price PM does not prove to be an accurate benchmark, and the LBMA Gold Price PM varies materially from the price determined by other mechanisms, the NAV of the Trust and the value of an investment in the Shares could be adversely impacted. Any future developments in the benchmark, to the extent they have a material impact on the LBMA Gold Price PM, could adversely impact the NAV of the Trust and the value of an investment in the Shares. Further, the calculation of the LBMA Gold Price PM is not an exact process. Rather it is based upon a procedure of matching orders from participants in the auction process and their customers to sell gold with orders from participants in the auction process and their customers to buy gold at particular prices. The LBMA Gold Price PM does not therefore purport to reflect each buyer or seller of gold in the market, nor does it purport to set a definitive price for gold at which all orders for sale or purchase will take place on that particular day or time. All orders placed into the auction process by the participants will be executed on the basis of the price determined pursuant to the LBMA Gold Price PM auction process (provided that orders may be cancelled, increased or decreased while the auction is in progress). It is possible that electronic failures or other unanticipated events may occur that could result in delays in the announcement of, or the inability of the system to produce, an LBMA Gold Price PM on any given date.

If concerns about the integrity or reliability of the LBMA Gold Price PM arise, even if eventually shown to be without merit, such concerns could adversely affect investor interest in gold and therefore adversely affect the price of gold and the value of an investment in the Shares. Because the NAV of the Trust is determined using the LBMA Gold Price PM, discrepancies in, or manipulation of the calculation of the LBMA Gold Price PM could have an adverse impact on the value of an investment in the Shares. Furthermore, any concern about the integrity or reliability of the pricing mechanism could disrupt trading in gold and products using the LBMA Gold Price PM, such as the Shares. In addition, these concerns could potentially lead to changes in the manner in which the LBMA Gold Price PM is calculated and/or the discontinuance of the LBMA Gold Price PM altogether. Each of these factors could lead to less liquidity or greater price volatility for gold and products using the LBMA Gold Price PM, such as the Shares, or otherwise could have an adverse impact on the trading price of the Shares.

You should refer to paragraph 7 of this Prospectus and the following documents for further information and risks regarding the LBMA Gold Price or the predecessor London Fix: (a) U.S. Prospectus, (b) the Annual Report, and (c) the Quarterly Reports.

#### 3. TRADING AND SETTLEMENT

# 3.1 Trading on the Stock Exchange

The Shares are listed on the Stock Exchange where they may be bought and sold in the secondary market at any time during the trading day and are currently denominated and traded in Hong Kong dollars (HKD). The Stock Exchange has granted approval for the Shares to be available for trading on the Stock Exchange. The term "**trading day**" as used in this Prospectus means a business day in which transactions in Shares can be executed and settled on the Stock Exchange. Necessary arrangements have been made for the Shares to be admitted into the Central Clearing and Settlement System ("**CCASS**"). The Trust complies with the stock admission requirements of HKSCC for deposit (for HKD traded Shares only), clearing and settlement in CCASS under a Multi-Counter (as defined below) arrangement with effect from 29 October 2024. As such Shares have, from the effective date, been traded on the Stock Exchange in HKD, RMB and USD in board lots of 5 Shares for HKD traded Shares, 5 Shares for RMB traded Shares and 5 Shares for USD traded Shares.

The HKD traded Shares, RMB traded Shares and USD traded Shares have been accepted by HKSCC as eligible securities for deposit, clearing and settlement in CCASS with effect from the commencement of dealing in the HKD traded Shares, RMB traded Shares and USD traded Shares respectively on the Stock Exchange. Settlement of transactions between participants of the Stock Exchange is required to take place in CCASS on the second business day after any trading day. All activities under CCASS are subject to the General Rules of CCASS and CCASS Operational Procedures in effect from time to time.

The Shares may also be purchased by Authorized Participants directly from the Trust in the U.S. by placing purchase orders with the Trustee in one or more blocks of 100,000 Shares (a block of 100,000 Shares is called a "**Basket**").

An Authorized Participant is a person who (1) is a U.S. registered broker-dealer or other U.S. securities market participant such as a bank or other financial institution which is not required to register as a broker-dealer to engage in securities transactions, (2) is a participant in the Depository Trust Company ("DTC") system or a DTC Participant (as defined in paragraph 3.2 of this Prospectus), (3) has entered into an agreement with the Sponsor and the Trustee which provides the procedures for the creation and redemption of Baskets and for the delivery of the gold and any cash (in USD only notwithstanding the Multi-Counter) required for such creations and redemptions, or a Participant Agreement, and (4) established an unallocated account with any gold clearing bank of the London Precious Metals Clearing Limited.

Baskets may only be redeemed by Authorized Participants placing redemption orders with the Trustee in the U.S. All Basket purchases and redemptions are done "*in kind*" only in the U.S., that is, through the delivery or receipt of gold and possibly cash (in USD only notwithstanding the Multi-Counter).

The Shares will be issued and realized on a forward pricing basis. The issue price and redemption price of a Basket will be based on the NAV of 100,000 Shares (in USD notwithstanding the Multi-Counter) as at the purchase or redemption order date, i.e. the business day on which the Trustee receives a valid purchase or redemption order prior

to 4 p.m. (New York time) or the close of regular trading on the NYSE Arca, whichever is earlier, subject to a transaction fee on each creation and redemption order.

Currently, under the Multi-Counter arrangement, the Shares may only be created or redeemed in USD in the manner set out in the U.S. Prospectus.

For additional details on creation and redemption procedures, please refer to the section headed "Creation and Redemption of Shares" in the U.S. Prospectus. State Street Global Advisors Asia Limited ("SSGA Hong Kong"), the Hong Kong Representative of the Trust, will serve as the primary contact point for you in Hong Kong. You may also contact SSGA Hong Kong for information relating to the creation and redemption procedures. You should note that Authorized Participants may charge you brokerage or other fees in respect of a creation and/or redemption of Shares. You should consult an Authorized Participant to ascertain the level of any brokerage or other fees charged by such Authorized Participant.

As with other securities, you will need to pay negotiated brokerage commissions and the Stock Exchange trading fee, which is currently at the rate of 0.00565%, the SFC transaction levy, which is currently at the rate of 0.0027% and the Accounting and Financial Reporting Council ("AFRC") transaction levy, which is currently at the rate of 0.00015%. The Shares are traded in HKD, RMB and USD on the Stock Exchange in board lots of 5 Shares for HKD traded Shares, 5 Shares for RMB traded Shares and 5 Shares for USD traded Shares. The primary trading market for the Shares is in the U.S., where the Shares have been listed on the NYSE Arca.

With respect to Shareholders in Hong Kong, the trading and settlement process, the system through which they receive distributions or the manner in which information may be made available, among other aspects, may differ from the information set forth in the U.S. Prospectus. Shareholders in Hong Kong should read this Prospectus carefully and all enquiries in relation hereto should be directed to their local brokers.

No money should be paid to any intermediary in Hong Kong who is not licensed for Type 1 regulated activity under the SFO.

# 3.2 **Book Entry System**

Individual certificates will not be issued for the Shares, and the Trust does not have a registrar or transfer agent for its Shares. Instead, global certificates are deposited by the Trustee with the DTC, a limited purpose trust company under New York State banking law and a registered clearing agency with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), and registered in the name of Cede & Co. as nominee for DTC. DTC acts as securities depository for the Shares, and the global certificates evidence all of the Shares outstanding at any time. The Shares are only transferable through the book entry system of DTC.

HKSCC is a participant of the DTC and has access to the DTC system. HKSCC may receive the Shares from or deliver the Shares to accounts maintained by member participants in DTC ("DTC Participants") via its account with DTC.

Only Participants of CCASS may settle dealings of the Shares through CCASS. Shareholders may open an account with CCASS or an account with a Clearing or

Custodian Participant to hold their Shares in CCASS. (The terms "Participant", "Clearing Participant" and "Custodian Participant" have the meaning ascribed to them in the General Rules of CCASS.)

It is possible for Shareholders to purchase Shares in Hong Kong and sell them in the U.S. and vice versa through the delivery mechanisms discussed below. Although both HKSCC and DTC, within their own respective markets, provide for Delivery Versus Payment and Free-of-Payment transfers of securities, all of the transfers between the two depositories are effected only on a Free-of-Payment basis (i.e., there is no related cash movement to parallel the securities movement, and any related cash transfers may only be effected outside CCASS and the DTC system directly between the buyer and seller through their own arrangements). Shareholders should be aware that Hong Kong time is generally 13 hours ahead of Standard time and 12 hours ahead of Eastern Daylight Saving time respectively in New York, and that the NYSE Arca and the Stock Exchange are not open at the same time. Because of this time difference between Hong Kong and U.S. markets, trading in Shares between the two markets cannot simultaneously occur.

All dealing in, and transactions of, Shares in Hong Kong must be effected for settlement through CCASS. Shareholders should ensure that the Shares sold on the Stock Exchange are available for settlement by no later than the second business day following the trading date.

Shareholders' holdings of Shares in CCASS (or held by Participants on their behalf) will be credited or debited for settlement on the second business day following the trading date. Shares which are outstanding for settlement on the due date (i.e. second business day following the trading date) will be subject to a buy-in by the HKSCC on the third trading day (or if it is not practicable to do so on T+3, at any time thereafter).

# 3.3 Delivery of the Shares to CCASS for Trading on the Stock Exchange

Shareholders who hold Shares in DTC's system in the U.S. and wish to trade them on the Stock Exchange can direct delivery of the Shares to CCASS; this book-entry transfer to HKSCC's account at DTC may be effected only on a Free-of-Payment basis. Shareholders may deliver their Shares by informing a Participant to submit a form entitled "Cross-Border Transfer Instruction Form" to HKSCC no later than 14:00 Hong Kong time on a specified delivery date subject to a cross border transfer fee and out of pocket expenses incurred by HKSCC. As at the date of this Prospectus, the cross-border transfer fee for receipt of foreign securities is HK\$200 per instruction. The effecting of a transfer in accordance with the above instruction will be dependent upon the appropriate action taken by DTC and the person whose account with the DTC will be debited. Shareholders must concurrently instruct their DTC Participant to deliver such Shares into the account of HKSCC with DTC on the delivery date. Upon receipt of such Shares, HKSCC will correspondingly credit the Shares to the Participant's Stock Account with CCASS.

Unless a cancel instruction is submitted by HKSCC to the DTC, transfer instructions which are not effected by the DTC on the specified day will be carried forward to the next business day. Shareholders who wish to submit a cancel instruction must inform a Participant to submit a form to cancel instruction to HKSCC before 14:00 Hong Kong time on any business day.

# 3.4 Delivery of Shares out of CCASS for Trading on the NYSE Arca

Shareholders who hold Shares with CCASS and wish to trade on the NYSE Arca must arrange to deliver the Shares into their accounts with their DTC Participant for settlement of any such trade, which will occur on the third business day following the transaction date. For such delivery, Shareholders must inform a Participant to submit a form entitled "Cross-Border Transfer Instruction Form" to HKSCC no later than 14:00 Hong Kong time, subject to a cross border transfer fee and out of pocket expenses incurred by HKSCC. As at the date of this Prospectus, the cross-border transfer fee for delivery of foreign securities is HK\$200 per instruction. Shareholders must concurrently instruct their DTC Participant to expect receipt of the relevant number of Shares from the account of HKSCC with DTC. If there are sufficient Shares in the Participant's Stock Account with CCASS, HKSCC will debit Shares from the Participant's Stock Account with CCASS in accordance with the instructions contained in the Cross-Border Transfer Instruction Form and will transmit a Cross-Border Transfer Instruction (as defined under the CCASS Rules) to the DTC (or its nominee) for processing. Upon notification by the DTC, (or its nominee) that HKSCC's account with the DTC has been debited with the relevant Shares, HKSCC will advise the Participant.

Transfer instructions which are not effected by the DTC on the specified day will be purged by the DTC at its day end and the Participant will be advised accordingly. The appropriate Shares will be credited back to the Participant's Stock Account. Participants that wish to proceed with the transfer are required to submit a new duly completed Cross-Border Transfer Instruction Form to HKSCC.

#### 3.5 **Distributions**

Aside from the termination and liquidation of the Trust, distributions will only be made to Shareholders if the Trustee and Sponsor determine that the Trust's cash account balance exceeds the anticipated expenses of the Trust for the next 12 months and the excess amount is more than US\$0.01 per Share outstanding. Distributions will not be made out of capital. Each Shareholder will receive distributions in USD only (whether holding HKD traded Shares, RMB traded Shares or USD traded Shares), through Participants of CCASS. Please see the paragraph under the heading "DISTRIBUTIONS" in the section headed "Description of the Shares" in the U.S. Prospectus for more details.

If there are distributions to be made, the Trustee will distribute them (less fees, expenses and any applicable taxes) to DTC. DTC, in turn, will allocate the distributions to DTC Participants (which includes HKSCC). The DTC Participants will, in turn, distribute to the beneficial owners of the Shares. Holders who have shares with HKSCC will receive their distributions, in USD only, through Participants of CCASS. Such cash distributions will be net of expenses incurred by HKSCC and applicable withholding tax, and where such expenses or withholding tax exceed the amount of the distributions, holders who have shares with HKSCC will not receive any distributions.

No distributions have been made by the Trust since inception.

#### 3.6 Transfer of Shares

As described in paragraph 3.2 of this Prospectus, Cede & Co., as nominee for DTC, is the registered owner of all outstanding Shares on the DTC system. Beneficial ownership of Shares is shown on the records of DTC or its participants. Beneficial ownership records for Shareholders in Hong Kong is maintained through Participants of CCASS. No certificates will be issued in respect of the Shares. Transfers of Shares between investors will normally occur through the trading mechanism of the Stock Exchange or the NYSE Arca.

# 3.7 **Obtaining Prices of Shares**

Market prices for the Shares traded on the Stock Exchange are available on the Stock Exchange website (<u>www.hkex.com.hk</u>).

The NAV per Share in USD, HKD and RMB<sup>3</sup> is published by the Sponsor on each day that the NYSE Arca is open for regular trading and is posted (together with the date to which the posted NAV per Share in USD, HKD and RMB relates) on the Trust's website at <a href="https://www.spdrgoldshares.com">www.spdrgoldshares.com</a>. The indicative intra-day NAV per Share, last closing NAV per Share in USD, HKD and RMB and near real-time estimated NAV per Share in USD, HKD and RMB (i.e. Reference Underlying Portfolio Value per Share) throughout each trading day are also published on the Trust's website. The indicative intra-day NAV of the Shares in USD, HKD and RMB is calculated on the mid-point of the bid/offer gold spot price.

In addition, the Trust's website provides ongoing pricing information for gold spot prices. If trading of the Shares on the Stock Exchange is restricted or suspended and/or if the creation and redemption of the Shares is suspended, notices for suspension and resumption of trading on the Stock Exchange and/or the creation and redemption process will be available on the Trust's website.

#### 3.8 Market Maker

A market maker is generally a broker or dealer registered by the Stock Exchange as a designated market maker to act as such by making a market for the Shares in the secondary market on the Stock Exchange. A market maker is required to maintain two-sided markets during exchange hours and is obligated to buy and sell at its displayed bids and offers, with its benefit being the spread between bid and offer prices. Market makers accordingly facilitate the efficient trading of Shares by providing liquidity in the secondary market when it is required in accordance with the market making requirements of the Stock Exchange. Since the NYSE Arca and U.S. futures market will not be open during the Hong Kong trading day, you will have to rely on the Hong Kong market maker to provide liquidity for the Shares.

Subject to applicable regulatory requirements, the Sponsor will use its best endeavours to put in place arrangements so that at least one market maker will maintain a market for Shares traded in each counter (although the market maker for different counters may

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Trust's daily NAV per Share is calculated in USD and then converted to HKD and RMB by using the foreign exchange rates quoted by ICE Data Services as sourced from FactSet Research Systems Inc. and published on the Trust's website.

be the same entity) and facilitate efficient trading, but there is no guarantee that the Sponsor will be able to do so on appropriate condition and commercial terms. If one of the market makers for a certain trading counter resigns, it will provide the Sponsor with not less than three (3) months' notice.

The latest list of market makers is available at the Stock Exchange's website <a href="https://www.hkex.com.hk">www.hkex.com.hk</a>. The Sponsor shall not be liable for anything done or omitted or any loss suffered or incurred whatsoever by any person if any market maker is not fulfilling its duties to provide for an adequately liquid market for the Shares in accordance with the market making requirements of the Stock Exchange.

# 3.9 Liquidity risk management

The Sponsor expects that liquidity risks in relation to the Trust would be mitigated by the standard procedure for the redemption of Shares as prescribed in Section 5.02 of the Trust Indenture (the "Standard Redemption Procedures"), which provides *inter alia* that Baskets may only be redeemed "*in kind*" and only by Authorized Participants. Nevertheless, in exceptional circumstances, the Sponsor may direct the Trustee to suspend the right of redemption or postpone the redemption settlement date for *inter alia* such other period as the Sponsor determines to be necessary for the protection of beneficial owners of the Shares. Further, under the Trust Indenture, the Sponsor and the Trustee may establish procedures with respect to redemption of the Shares in lot sizes smaller than the minimum number of Shares that may be redeemed pursuant to the Standard Redemption Procedures, and permit the payment of a redemption distribution in a form, and delivered in a manner, other than that as prescribed under the Standard Redemption Procedures.

# 3.10 Multi-Counter Arrangement

The Shares are available for trading on the secondary market on the Stock Exchange under a Multi-Counter arrangement. Despite the Multi-Counter arrangement, the cash creation of new Shares and cash redemption of Shares in the primary market are settled in USD only. The Trust offers three trading counters on the Stock Exchange (i.e. the HKD counter, RMB counter and USD counter) to investors for secondary trading purposes. Shares traded in the HKD counter will be settled in HKD; Shares traded in the RMB counter will be settled in RMB; and Shares traded in the USD counter will be settled in USD. Apart from settlement in different currencies, the trading prices of Shares in different counters may be different as each counter is a distinct and separate market.

Shares traded on all three counters are of the same class and all Shareholders of all counters are treated equally. The three counters will have different stock codes, different stock short names and different ISIN numbers as follows: (i) the HKD counter and HKD traded Shares have a Stock Exchange stock code 02840, an English stock short name "SPDR GOLD TRT" and a Chinese stock short name "SPDR  $\widehat{\pm}$ "; (ii) the RMB counter and RMB traded Shares have a Stock Exchange stock code 82840, an English stock short name "SPDR GOLD TRT – R" and a Chinese stock short name "SPDR  $\widehat{\pm}$  – R"; and (iii) the USD counter and USD traded Shares have a Stock Exchange stock code 09840, an English stock short name "SPDR GOLD TRT – U" and a Chinese stock short name "SPDR  $\widehat{\pm}$  – U". The ISIN for the HKD counter and HKD

traded Shares is US78463V1070, the ISIN for the RMB counter and RMB traded Shares is US78463V3050 and the ISIN for the USD counter and USD traded Shares is US78463V2060.

Normally, investors can buy and sell Shares traded in the same counter or alternatively buy in one counter and sell in another counter provided their brokers provide HKD, RMB and/or USD trading services (as the case may be) at the same time and offer intercounter transfer services to support Multi-Counter trading. Inter-counter buy and sell is permissible even if the trades take place within the same trading day. However, investors should note that the trading price of Shares traded in the HKD counter, RMB Counter and USD Counter may be different and may not always maintain a close relationship depending on factors such as market demand and supply and liquidity in each counter.

The HKD and RMB counters are offered for secondary market trading and settlement purposes only. No certificates will be issued in respect of the Shares, so physical deposit and withdrawal of the same will not be available.

For the purpose of this Prospectus, the term "Multi-Counter" means the facility by which the Shares traded in HKD, RMB and USD are each assigned separate stock codes on the Stock Exchange and are accepted for deposit, clearing and settlement in CCASS in more than one eligible currency (HKD, RMB or USD) as described in this Prospectus.

More information on the Multi-Counter arrangement in respect of the HKD and RMB counters is available in the relevant frequently asked questions published on the Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited's website <a href="https://www.hkex.com.hk/Services/Trading/Securities/Overview/Trading-Mechanism/HKD-RMB-Dual-Counter-Model?sc lang=en">https://www.hkex.com.hk/Services/Trading/Securities/Overview/Trading-Mechanism/HKD-RMB-Dual-Counter-Model?sc lang=en</a>.

Investors should consult their brokers if they have any questions concerning fees, timing, procedures and the operation of the Multi-Counter, including inter-counter transfers. Investors' attention is also drawn to the section entitled "Specific Risk Factors" in the section on "Risk Factors" for further details in relation to Multi-Counter risks.

# 3.11 Renminbi Equity Trading Support Facility

The Renminbi Equity Trading Support Facility ("TSF") was launched on 24 October 2011 by the Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited to provide a facility to enable investors who wish to buy RMB traded shares in the secondary market with HKD if they do not have sufficient RMB or have difficulty in obtaining RMB from other channels. With effect from 6 August 2012, the coverage of TSF was extended to ETFs with equities as the underlying investments and to REITS. Since the underlying investments of the Trust are not covered by the TSF, the TSF is currently unavailable to investors who wish to invest in the Trust by purchasing Shares trading in RMB on the Stock Exchange. Investors should consult their financial advisers if they have any questions concerning the TSF. More information with regard to the TSF is available on the Stock Exchange's website https://www.hkex.com.hk/Global/Exchange/FAQ/Featured/RMB-Readiness-and-

<u>Services/RMB-Equity-Trading-Support-Facility?sc\_lang=en</u> (this website has not been reviewed by the SFC).

# 3.12 Special RMB and USD Payment or Account Procedures for the adoption of a Multi-Counter Arrangement

Although the base currency of the Shares for the Trust which adopts a Multi-Counter arrangement is in USD, the Shares in the RMB counter are available to be bought and sold on the secondary market in RMB. Investors should note that RMB is the only official currency of the mainland of the People's Republic of China (excluding for the purposes of interpretation of this Prospectus only, Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan) ("PRC"). While both onshore RMB ("CNY") and offshore RMB ("CNH") are the same currency, they are traded in different and separated markets. Since the two RMB markets operate independently where the flow between them is highly restricted, CNY and CNH are traded at different rates and their movement may not be in the same direction. Although there is a significant amount of RMB held offshore (i.e. outside the PRC), CNH cannot be freely remitted into the PRC and is subject to certain restrictions, and vice versa. As such, whilst CNH and CNY are both the same currency, certain special restrictions do apply to RMB outside the PRC. The liquidity and trading price of the Shares may be adversely affected by the limited availability of, and restrictions applicable to, RMB outside the PRC.

If any investors wish to buy or sell Shares in RMB or USD on the secondary market, they should contact their brokers and they are reminded to confirm with their brokers in respect of the Shares traded in RMB or USD such brokers' readiness for dealing and/or clearing transactions in RMB or USD securities and to check other relevant information published by the Stock Exchange regarding readiness of its participants for dealing in RMB or USD securities from time to time. CCASS investor participants who wish to settle the payment in relation to their trades in the Shares traded in RMB or USD using their CCASS investor participant account should make sure that they have set up an RMB or USD designated bank account with CCASS.

Investors intending to purchase Shares traded in RMB or USD from the secondary market should consult their brokers as to the RMB or USD funding requirement and settlement method for such purchase. Investors may need to open and maintain securities dealing accounts with the broker first before any dealing in the Shares traded in either RMB or USD can be effected.

Investors should ensure they have sufficient RMB or USD to settle trades of the Shares traded in RMB or USD (as the case may be). Investors should consult their respective banks for the account opening procedures as well as terms and conditions of the RMB bank account. Some banks may impose restrictions on their RMB cheque account and fund transfers to third party accounts. For non-bank financial institutions (e.g. brokers), however, such restriction may not be applicable and investors should consult their brokers as to the currency exchange service arrangement if required.

The transaction costs of dealings in the Shares on the Stock Exchange include the Stock Exchange trading fee, the SFC transaction levy and the AFRC transaction levy. All these secondary trading related fees and charges will be collected in HKD and, in respect of the Shares traded in RMB and the Shares traded in USD, calculated based on an exchange rate as determined by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority on the date of

the trade which will be published on the Stock Exchange's website by 11:00 a.m. or earlier on each trading day.

Investors should consult their own brokers or custodians as to how and in what currency the trading related fees and charges and brokerage commission should be paid by the investors.

Where payment in RMB is to be made by cheque, investors should consult the bank at which their respective RMB bank accounts are opened in advance as to whether there are any specific requirements in relation to the issue of RMB cheques. In particular, investors should note that some banks have imposed an internal limit (usually RMB80,000) on the balance of RMB cheque account of their clients or the amount of cheques that their clients can issue in a day and such limit may affect an investor's arrangement of funding for purchase of the Shares traded in RMB.

When an individual investor opens an RMB bank account or settle RMB payments, he or she will be subject to a number of restrictions, including the daily maximum remittance amount to the PRC of RMB80,000, and that a remittance service is only available to an RMB deposit account-holder who remits from his or her RMB deposit account to the PRC and provided that the account name of the account in the PRC is identical with that of the RMB bank account with the bank in Hong Kong.

Please also refer to the section entitled "Specific Risk Factors" in the section on "Risk Factors" in relation to the risks of investments associated with RMB currency for further details.

#### 4. INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND STRATEGY OF THE TRUST

The investment objective of the Trust is for the Shares to reflect the performance of the price of gold bullion, less the Trust's expenses. The Trust holds gold bullion and from time to time issues the Shares in Baskets in exchange for deposits of gold and distributes gold in connection with the redemption of Baskets.

The Shares are intended to offer you an opportunity to participate in the gold market through an investment in securities. Historically, the logistics of buying, storing and insuring gold have constituted a barrier to entry for some institutional and retail investors. The ownership of the Shares is intended to overcome these barriers to entry. The logistics of storing and insuring gold are dealt with by HSBC Bank plc and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as custodians of the Trust, and the related expenses are built into the price of the Shares. Therefore, you do not have any additional tasks or costs over and above those associated with investing in any other publicly traded security.

The Shares are intended to provide institutional and retail investors with a simple and cost-efficient means of gaining investment benefits similar to those of holding allocated gold bullion.

The Shares offer an investment that is:

Easily Accessible. You can access the gold market through a traditional brokerage account. The Sponsor believes that you will be able to more effectively implement

strategic and tactical asset allocation strategies that include gold by using the Shares instead of using the traditional means of purchasing, trading and holding gold.

*Relatively Cost Efficient.* The Sponsor believes that, for many investors, transaction costs related to the Shares will be lower than those associated with the purchase, storage and insurance of allocated gold.

Exchange Traded. The Shares trade on the Stock Exchange, NYSE Arca, SGX-ST, BMV and TSE, providing you with an efficient means to buy, sell, or sell short in order to implement a variety of investment strategies. The Shares are eligible for margin accounts in the United States and may be eligible for margin accounts in other markets.

Backed by Gold Held by the Custodians on Behalf of the Trust. The Shares are backed by the assets of the Trust and the Trust does not hold or employ any derivative securities. Further, the Trust's holdings and their value based on current market prices are reported on the Trust's website each business day. The Trustee's arrangements with the Custodians provide that at the end of each business day there can be in the Trust account maintained by the Custodians no gold in an unallocated form. Accordingly, the Trust's gold holdings are identified on the Custodians' books as the property of the Trust and held in the Custodians' vault premises in London, New York and Zurich.

The Shares represent units of fractional undivided beneficial interest in and ownership of the Trust. The Trust is not managed like a corporation or an active investment vehicle. The gold held by the Trust will only be sold: (1) on an as needed basis to pay Trust expenses, (2) if the Trust terminates and liquidates its assets, or (3) as otherwise required by law or regulation.

The Trust Indenture does not authorize the Trustee to borrow for payment of the Trust's ordinary expenses. The Trust does not engage in transactions in foreign currencies which could expose the Trust or Shareholders to any foreign currency related market risk. The Trust does not and will not invest in derivative financial instruments or long-term debt instruments.

# 5. THE SPONSOR, TRUSTEE, CUSTODIANS AND MARKETING AGENT

# 5.1 The Sponsor

The Sponsor, World Gold Trust Services, LLC, is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the World Gold Council ("WGC"), a not-for-profit association registered under Swiss law. The Sponsor does not have any share capital. The Sponsor is a Delaware limited liability company and was formed on 17 July 2002. The operations of the Sponsor are not subject to governmental regulatory supervision.

The Sponsor was responsible for establishing the Trust and for the registration of the Shares. The Sponsor generally oversees the performance of the Trustee and the Trust's principal service providers, but does not exercise day-to-day oversight over the Trustee or such service providers. The Sponsor regularly communicates with the Trustee to monitor the overall performance of the Trust. The Sponsor, with assistance and support from the Trustee, is responsible for preparing and filing periodic reports on behalf of the Trust with the SEC and will provide any required certification for such reports. The Sponsor will designate the independent registered public accounting firm of the Trust

and may from time to time employ legal counsel for the Trust. To assist the Sponsor in marketing the Shares, the Sponsor has entered into the Marketing Agent Agreement with State Street Global Advisors Funds Distributors, LLC (formerly State Street Global Markets, LLC) (the "Marketing Agent") and the Trust. The Marketing Agent Agreement may be amended from time to time. The Sponsor may also from time to time employ other additional or successor marketing agents after such time as when the Marketing Agent Agreement is no longer in effect. The fees and expenses of the Marketing Agent are, and any additional or successor marketing agent will be, paid by the Sponsor. The Sponsor may compensate its affiliates for providing marketing and other services to the Trust without any additional cost to the Trust. The Sponsor maintains a public website on behalf of the Trust (<a href="www.spdrgoldshares.com">www.spdrgoldshares.com</a>), which contains information about the Trust and the Shares. The Marketing Agent has sub-licensed the use of the registered mark "SPDR®" to the Sponsor for use by the Trust.

The Sponsor may direct the Trustee, but only as provided in the Trust Indenture. For example, the Sponsor may direct the Trustee to sell the Trust's gold to pay expenses, to suspend a redemption order or postpone a redemption settlement date or to terminate the Trust if certain criteria are met. The Sponsor anticipates that if the NAV of the Trust is less than US\$350 million (as adjusted for inflation) that the Sponsor will, in accordance with the Trust Indenture, direct the Trustee to terminate and liquidate the Trust.

The Sponsor may direct the Trustee to employ one or more other custodians in addition to or in replacement of any Custodian, provided that the Sponsor may not direct the employment of an additional or successor custodian without the Trustee's consent if the employment would have a material adverse effect on the Trustee's ability to perform its duties. The Sponsor's approval is required for the Trustee to employ one or more other custodians selected by the Trustee for the safekeeping of gold and for services in connection with the deposit and delivery of gold. The Sponsor may permit the Trustee to enter into the custody agreements applicable to an additional or successor custodian without satisfaction of the requirements for such custody agreements set forth in the Trust Indenture.

The Sponsor does not act as sponsor for any other funds. The Sponsor will remain the sponsor of the Trust until it transfers its obligations to its successor or resigns in accordance with the Trust Indenture, or the Trust Indenture is terminated. In the event of the Sponsor's insolvency, the Sponsor shall be deemed conclusively to have resigned, and the Trustee may (subject to regulatory approval and prior notice to Shareholders, where applicable) do any one or more of the following:

- (a) appoint a successor Sponsor to assume, with such compensation from the Trust as the Trustee may deem reasonable under the circumstances, the duties and obligations of the Sponsor under the Trust Indenture;
- (b) agree to act as Sponsor without appointing a successor Sponsor and without terminating the Trust Indenture; or
- (c) terminate and liquidate the Trust and distribute its remaining assets pursuant to the Trust Indenture.

Please refer to the Trust Indenture for further information on the role and responsibilities of the Sponsor and what happens if it becomes insolvent.

Principal officers and key executives of the Sponsor

Joseph R. Cavatoni, c/o World Gold Trust Services, LLC, 685 Third Avenue, Suite 2702, New York, New York 10017, United States of America, is the Principal Executive Officer of the Sponsor. Mr. Cavatoni is also the Principal Executive Officer of WGC USA Asset Management Company, LLC, an affiliate of the Sponsor. Mr. Cavatoni joined the World Gold Council as Managing Director USA and ETFs in September 2016 and currently serves as Chief Market Strategist (North America). Prior to joining World Gold Council, from April 2009 to December 2015 he served with BlackRock Investments, LLC, as part of BlackRock, Inc., a publicly traded investment management firm, first as the head of iShares Capital Markets in Asia Pacific (2009) and as Head of iShares Capital Markets and Product Development in the same region (2009-2011). From November 2011 to December 2015, Mr. Cavatoni served as a BlackRock Managing Director and Head of iShares Capital Markets, Americas. From August 2003 to April 2009, Mr. Cavatoni served with UBS Securities Asia Limited, first as Executive Director, Head of Swaps, Asia (2003-2006) and then as Managing Director, Head of Equity Finance APAC (2006-2009). Prior to that, he served with Merrill Lynch & Company, Inc. from June 1994 to May 2003 as Senior Credit Analyst, Credit and Risk Management Team in New York (1994-1995), Vice President, Credit and Risk Management Team, Hong Kong (1995-2000) and Director, Head of Prime Brokerage Asia, Japan and Australia (2000-2003). Mr. Cavatoni received his Bachelor of Business Administration degree from The George Washington University and his Master of Business Administration degree from Northwestern University and the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology.

Amanda Krichman, c/o World Gold Trust Services, LLC, 685 Third Avenue, Suite 2702, New York, New York 10017, United States of America, is the Principal Financial and Accounting Officer of the Sponsor. Ms. Krichman is also the Principal Financial and Accounting Officer of WGC USA Asset Management Company, LLC, an affiliate of the Sponsor. Prior to joining World Gold Council on October 13, 2022 as the Funds Chief Operating Officer, Ms. Krichman was Vice President and Head US Registered Funds Services at Goldman Sachs Asset Management from December 2021 to October 2022. Ms. Krichman was Director of ETF Product Development from September 2021 to December 2021, and Senior Associate of ETF Product Development from December 2018 to September 2021 at New York Life Investments. Prior to that she held various roles at Goldman Sachs Asset Management from July 2013 to November 2018. Ms. Krichman received her Bachelor degree from Syracuse University and her Master of Business Administration degree from New York University.

#### 5.2 The Trustee

The Trustee, The Bank of New York Mellon, was established in June 1784 and became a New York state-chartered bank on 1 July 1922. The Bank of New York Mellon does not have any share capital. The aggregate market value of the common stock of The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation, the parent company of The Bank of New York Mellon, as of 31 December 2024 was US\$55.1 billion. The Trustee is subject to supervision by the New York State Department of Financial Services and the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The Trustee is generally responsible for the day-to-day administration of the Trust, including keeping the Trust's operational records. The Trustee's principal responsibilities include: (1) selling the Trust's gold as needed to pay the Trust's expenses (gold sales occur monthly in the ordinary course), (2) calculating the NAV of the Trust and the NAV per Share, (3) receiving and processing orders from Authorized Participants to create and redeem Baskets and coordinating the processing of such orders with the Custodians and DTC, and (4) monitoring the Custodians. If the Trustee determines that maintaining gold with the Custodians is not in the best interest of the Trust, the Trustee must so advise the Sponsor, who may direct the Trustee to take certain actions in respect of the Custodians. In the absence of such instructions, the Trustee may initiate action to remove the gold from any of the Custodians. The ability of the Trustee to monitor the performance of the Custodians may be limited because under the custody agreements the Trustee may, only up to twice a year, visit the premises of the Custodians for the purpose of examining the Trust's gold and certain related records maintained by the Custodians.

Bureau Veritas Commodities UK Ltd. (formerly Inspectorate International Limited) ("Bureau Veritas") conducts two counts each year of the gold bullion stock held on behalf of the Trust at the vaults of the Custodians. A complete bar count is conducted once per year and coincides with the Trust's financial year end at 30 September. Bureau Veritas concluded the annual full count of the Trust's gold bullion held by (i) the Existing Custodian at its London vault on 30 September 2024, (ii) the Additional Custodian at its New York vault on 30 September 2024 and (iii) the Additional Custodian at its New York vault on 30 September 2024. The second count is a random sample count and is conducted at a date which falls within the same financial year and was conducted most recently at the Additional Custodian's London vault on 19 March 2024, the Additional Custodian's New York vault on 4 April 2024 and the Existing Custodian's London vault on 2 April 2024. The results can be found at <a href="https://www.spdrgoldshares.com">www.spdrgoldshares.com</a>. The Sponsor generally visits the vaults of the Custodians twice a year as part of its due diligence procedures.

The Trustee has no right to visit the premises of any sub-custodian for the purposes of examining the Trust's gold or any records maintained by the sub-custodian, and no sub-custodian is obligated to cooperate in any review the Trustee may wish to conduct of the facilities, procedures, records or creditworthiness of such sub-custodian. The Trustee regularly communicates with the Sponsor to monitor the overall performance of the Trust. The Trustee, along with the Sponsor, liaises with the Trust's legal, accounting and other professional service providers as needed. The Trustee assists and supports the Sponsor with the preparation of all periodic reports required to be filed with the SEC on behalf of the Trust.

Affiliates of the Trustee may from time to time act as Authorized Participants or purchase or sell gold or Shares for their own account, as agent for their customers and for accounts over which they exercise investment discretion.

The Trustee will remain the trustee of the Trust until it is removed, or it resigns in accordance with the Trust Indenture, or the Trust Indenture is terminated. In the event of the Trustee's insolvency, the Sponsor shall, subject to the requirements of the Trust Indenture, regulatory approval and prior notice to Shareholders where applicable, remove the Trustee. Upon removal of the Trustee, the Sponsor shall use its best efforts promptly to appoint a successor trustee in the manner and meeting the qualifications

provided in the Trust Indenture, by written instrument or instruments delivered to such resigning trustee and the successor trustee. Notice of such appointment of a successor trustee shall be mailed promptly after acceptance of such appointment by the successor trustee to DTC participants for distribution to beneficial owners of the Shares. Please refer to the Trust Indenture for further information.

#### 5.3 The Custodians

The Existing Custodian, HSBC Bank plc, was incorporated with limited liability in England (registration number 14259) on 1 July 1880 and is a wholly owned subsidiary of HSBC Holdings plc (HSBC Group), a public limited company incorporated in England. The issued share capital of HSBC Holdings plc paid up as at 31 December 2024 was US\$176.71 billion. HSBC Bank plc is authorized by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the Prudential Regulation Authority and the FCA in the United Kingdom.

The Additional Custodian, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A, was incorporated in the United States of America with limited liability as a National Banking Association. JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. is a wholly owned subsidiary of JPMorgan Chase & Co. The aggregate market value of the common stock of JPMorgan Chase & Co. held by non-affiliates as of 31 December 2024 was US\$670.61 billion. The Additional Custodian is supervised and regulated by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency and with respect to certain matters, by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the "FDIC") and is subject to the supervision and regulation of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and the FDIC, each in the United States of America. The Additional Custodian is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority in the United Kingdom. The Additional Custodian operates their custody business out of the London branch.

The Custodians are responsible for safekeeping of the Trust's gold deposited with each of them by Authorized Participants in connection with the creation of Baskets. The Custodians facilitate the transfer of gold in and out of the Trust through the unallocated gold accounts for each Authorized Participant and the unallocated and allocated gold accounts each Custodian maintains for the Trust. Each of the Custodians are responsible for allocating specific bars of gold bullion to the Trust's allocated accounts maintained by such Custodian. The Custodians provide the Trustee with regular reports detailing the gold transfers in and out of the Trust's allocated accounts at each of the Custodians and identifying the gold bars held in the Trust's allocated accounts at each of the Custodians.

Each of the Custodians holds all of the Trust's gold in its own vault premises except when the gold has been allocated in the vault of a sub-custodian, and in such cases each of the Custodians has agreed that it will use commercially reasonable efforts promptly to transport the gold from the sub-custodian's vault to each Custodian's vault, at the relevant Custodian's cost and risk. Each Custodian is authorized to appoint from time to time one or more sub-custodians to hold the Trust's gold until it can be transported to the relevant Custodian's vault. Each Custodian is required to use reasonable care in selecting sub-custodians, but otherwise has limited responsibility in relation to the sub-custodians appointed by it. The Custodians are obliged under their respective Allocated Account Agreement to use commercially reasonable efforts to obtain delivery of gold

from those sub-custodians appointed by it. However, the Custodians may not have the right to, and do not have the obligation to, seek recovery of the gold from any sub-custodian appointed by a sub-custodian. Otherwise, the Custodians do not undertake to monitor the performance by sub-custodians of their custody functions or their selection of additional sub-custodians and are not responsible for the actions or inactions of sub-custodians. A current list of all gold held by the Custodians, including any held with a sub-custodian is available on the sponsor's website at www.spdrgoldshares.com.

In the event of the insolvency of any of the Custodians, the Trustee shall so advise the Sponsor and thereafter take such reasonable action as the Sponsor directs, or if the Sponsor has not given direction within one business day, shall initiate action to remove the Trust's gold from the custody of the relevant Custodian or take such other action as the Trustee determines appropriate to safeguard the interests of the beneficial owners of the Shares, subject to regulatory approval and prior notice to Shareholders, where applicable. Please refer to the Trust Indenture for further information.

# 5.4 The Marketing Agent

The Marketing Agent is State Street Global Advisors Funds Distributors, LLC (formerly State Street Global Markets, LLC), an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of State Street Corporation. The Marketing Agent is a registered broker-dealer with the SEC and is a member of the U.S. Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc.

The Marketing Agent assists the Sponsor in: (1) developing a marketing plan for the Trust on an ongoing basis, (2) preparing marketing materials regarding the Shares, including the content of the Trust's website, (3) executing the marketing plan for the Trust, (4) incorporating gold into its strategic and tactical exchange traded fund research, (5) sub-licensing the "SPDR" trademark, and (6) assisting with certain shareholder services, such as call center and prospectus fulfilment.

Affiliates of the Marketing Agent may from time to time become Authorized Participants or purchase or sell gold or Shares for their own account, as agent for their customers and for accounts over which they exercise investment discretion.

The Marketing Agent Agreement contains customary representations, warranties and covenants. In addition, the Sponsor has agreed to indemnify the Marketing Agent from and against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and to contribute to payments that the Marketing Agent may be required to make in respect thereof. The Trustee has agreed to reimburse the Marketing Agent, solely from and to the extent of the Trust's assets, for indemnification and contribution amounts due from the Sponsor in respect of such liabilities to the extent the Sponsor has not paid such amounts when due.

### 6. **FEES**

#### 6.1 **Fee Tables**

Fees Payable by Authorized Participants

Transaction fee on each creation order:	Currently US\$2,000.		
order:	Maximum 0.10% of the value of the Basket(s) at		
	the time the creation order is accepted.		
Transaction fee on each redemption order:	Currently US\$2,000.		
redemption order.	Maximum 0.10% of the value of the Basket(s) at the time the redemption order is accepted.		
Fees Payable by you if you are tr	rading in Shares on the Stock Exchange		
Subscription/redemption fee:	Not applicable		
Brokerage fees:	Market rates. You will have to bear brokerage fees charged by your stockbrokers.		
SFC Transaction Levy:	Currently, the SFC Transaction Levy is at the rate of 0.0027%.		
AFRC Transaction Levy:	Currently, the AFRC Transaction Levy is at the rate of 0.00015%.		
Stock Exchange Trading Fee:	Currently, the Stock Exchange Trading Fee is a the rate of 0.00565%.		
Fee Payable by the Trust			
	0.40% of the daily NAV of the Trust per annum, accrued daily. The fee includes all ordinary fees and expenses of the Trust which include the fees and expenses of the Trustee, the fees and expenses of the Custodians for the custody of the Trust's gold bars, the fees and expenses of the Sponsor, certain taxes, the fees of the Marketing Agent, printing and mailing costs, legal and audit fees, registration fees, NYSE Arca listing fees and other marketing costs and expenses. The Sponsor does not pay any trailer fees with respect to the Trust.		

The Trustee sells gold as needed to pay the expenses of the Trust. As a result, the amount of gold sold will vary from time to time depending on the level of the Trust's expenses and the market price of gold. Cash, when or if held by the Trustee, does not bear any interest. The Trust's estimated ordinary operating expenses are accrued daily and are reflected in the NAV of the Trust.

The Trust's only recurring fixed expense is the Sponsor's fee which accrues daily at an annual rate equal to 0.40% of the daily NAV. In exchange for the Sponsor's fee, the Sponsor has agreed to pay all ordinary fees and expenses of the Trust which include fees and expenses of the Trustee, the fees and expenses of the Custodians for the

custody of the Trust's gold bars, the fees and expenses of the Sponsor, certain taxes, the fees of the Marketing Agent, printing and mailing costs, legal and audit fees, registration fees, NYSE Arca listing fees and other marketing costs and expenses. The Sponsor was paid US\$242,094,239 for its services for the year ended 30 September 2024. The preliminary expenses of establishing the Trust were borne by the Sponsor.

For further information regarding the ordinary operating fees and expenses of the Trust, you should refer to the latest available Annual Report or the latest available Quarterly Report.

# 7. RISK FACTORS

#### 7.1 General Risk Factors

You should be aware that the price of Shares may fall as well as rise, and you may not get back your original investment. The value of Shares relates directly to the value of the gold held by the Trust and fluctuations in the price of gold could materially adversely affect an investment in the Shares.

# 7.2 Specific Risk Factors

The Trust has been authorised by the SFC under the SFO. The SFC does not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of the Trust or the correctness of any statement made or opinion expressed in this Prospectus.

An investment in a precious metals fund carries risks of a different nature from other types of collective investment schemes which invest in transferable securities, and a precious metals fund may not be suitable for persons who are averse to such risks. You are advised to carefully consider the risk factors set out under the heading "Risk Factors" in the U.S. Prospectus, which are briefly summarized below. In addition, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in the Annual Report and Quarterly Reports of the Trust on Form 10-Q, as such risk factors could materially affect the Trust's business, financial condition or future results.

For further information and risks regarding the LBMA Gold Price or the predecessor London Fix, you should refer to (a) the U.S. Prospectus, (b) the Annual Report, and (c) Part II, Item 1A "Risk Factors" in the Quarterly Reports.

- 7.2.1 Crises may motivate large-scale sales of gold which could decrease the price of gold and adversely affect an investment in the Shares.
- 7.2.2 Substantial sales of gold by the official sector could adversely affect an investment in the Shares.
- 7.2.3 The price of gold may be affected by the sale of gold by ETFs or by other exchange traded vehicles tracking gold markets.
- 7.2.4 The value of the gold held by the Trust is determined using the LBMA Gold Price PM. Potential discrepancies in the calculation of the LBMA Gold Price PM, as well as any future changes to the LBMA Gold Price PM, could impact the value of the gold held by the Trust and could have an adverse effect on the

- value of an investment in the Shares. Please refer to the U.S. Prospectus for further information.
- 7.2.5 The value of the Shares relates directly to the value of the gold held by the Trust and fluctuations in the price of gold could materially adversely affect an investment in the Shares.
- 7.2.6 If concerns about the integrity or reliability of the LBMA Gold Price PM arises, even if eventually shown to be without merit, such concerns could adversely affect investor interest in gold and therefore adversely affect the price of gold and the value of an investment in the Shares.
- 7.2.7 If the LBMA Gold Price PM is discontinued, the Sponsor may, in consultation with the Trustee, seek the SFC's prior approval to replace the LBMA Gold Price PM with another benchmark that is similarly appropriate for the valuation of the Trust's gold. If the Sponsor and the Trustee do not agree within a reasonable period on a suitable replacement benchmark acceptable to the SFC, the Sponsor and Trustee may until such time as a suitable benchmark price is agreed upon, suspend creations and redemptions in Shares. If there were a prolonged delay in agreeing a suitable benchmark with the SFC, the Trust's shares could be delisted, which could also lead to the termination of the Trust.
- 7.2.8 The amount of gold represented by the Shares will continue to be reduced during the life of the Trust due to the sales of gold necessary to pay the Trust's expenses irrespective of whether the trading price of the Shares rises or falls in response to changes in the price of gold.
- 7.2.9 The Trust is a passive investment vehicle. This means that the value of the Shares may be adversely affected by Trust losses that, if the Trust had been actively managed, it might have been possible to avoid.
- 7.2.10 The Shares may trade at a price which is at, above or below the NAV per Share (in USD only notwithstanding the Multi-Counter) and any discount or premium in the trading price relative to the NAV per Share may widen as a result of non-concurrent trading hours between the COMEX and NYSE Arca.
- 7.2.11 The sale of the Trust's gold to pay expenses at a time of low gold prices could adversely affect the value of the Shares.
- 7.2.12 Shareholders do not have the protections associated with ownership of shares in an investment company registered under the U.S. Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, or the protections afforded by the U.S. Commodity Exchange Act of 1936.
- 7.2.13 The Trust may be required to terminate and liquidate at a time that is disadvantageous to Shareholders.
- 7.2.14 The liquidity of the Shares may be affected by the withdrawal of Authorized Participants.
- 7.2.15 The lack of an active trading market or a halt in trading of the Shares may result in losses on investment at the time of disposition of the Shares.

- 7.2.16 Redemption orders are subject to postponement, suspension or rejection by the Trustee under certain circumstances.
- 7.2.17 Shareholders do not have the rights enjoyed by investors in certain other vehicles.
- 7.2.18 An investment in the Shares may be adversely affected by competition from other methods of investing in gold.
- 7.2.19 The Trust's obligation to reimburse the Marketing Agent and the Authorized Participants for certain liabilities in the event the Sponsor fails to indemnify such parties could adversely affect an investment in the Shares.
- 7.2.20 The Trust's gold may be subject to loss, damage, theft or restriction on access.
- 7.2.21 The Trust may not have adequate sources of recovery if its gold is lost, damaged, stolen or destroyed and recovery may be limited, even in the event of fraud, to the market value of the gold at the time the fraud is discovered.
- 7.2.22 Because neither the Trustee nor any of the Custodians oversees or monitors the activities of sub-custodians who may temporarily hold the Trust's gold bars until they are transported to the relevant Custodian's vault, failure by the sub-custodians to exercise due care in the safekeeping of the Trust's gold bars could result in a loss to the Trust.
- 7.2.23 The ability of the Trustee and the Custodians to take legal action against subcustodians may be limited, which increases the possibility that the Trust may suffer a loss if a sub-custodian does not use due care in the safekeeping of the Trust's gold bars.
- 7.2.24 Gold held in the Trust's unallocated gold account and any Authorized Participant's unallocated gold account will not be segregated from the Custodians' assets. If any of the Custodians becomes insolvent, its assets may not be adequate to satisfy a claim by the Trust or any Authorized Participant. In addition, in the event of any of the Custodians' insolvency, there may be a delay and costs incurred in identifying the gold bars held in the Trust's allocated gold account.
- 7.2.25 The gold bullion custody operations of the Custodians are not subject to specific governmental regulatory supervision.
- 7.2.26 The Trust relies on the information and technology systems of the Trustee, the Custodians, the Marketing Agent and, to a lesser degree, the Sponsor, which could be adversely affected by information systems interruptions, cybersecurity attacks or other disruptions which could have a material adverse effect on the record keeping and operations of the Sponsor.
- 7.2.27 Potential conflicts of interest may arise among the Sponsor or its affiliates and the Trust.
- 7.2.28 The Shares may be subject to a tracking error risk, which is the risk that the performance of the Shares may not track the LBMA Gold Price PM exactly.

This tracking error risk may result from the Trust regularly selling gold to pay for its ongoing expenses, irrespective of whether the trading price of the Shares rises or falls in response to changes in the price of gold. There can be no assurance of the exact or identical replication at any time of the performance of the LBMA Gold Price PM.

- 7.2.29 The Trust as well as the Sponsor and its service providers are vulnerable to the effects of public health crises, such as the coronavirus pandemic.
- 7.2.30 The Trust as well as the Sponsor and its service providers are vulnerable to the effects of geopolitical events, wars and other hostilities, including the conflict in the Middle East and the war in Ukraine.

You should also note the following:

- 7.2.31 *Currency risk* The Shares in the HKD counter and the RMB counter traded on the Stock Exchange are denominated and traded in HKD or RMB, as applicable. The Shares may only be created or redeemed in USD in the manner set out in the U.S. Prospectus. Similarly, any distributions which may be made by the Trust are in USD. To the extent a Hong Kong investor wishes to convert such USD holdings or distributions into HKD or RMB, fluctuations in the exchange rate between the HKD or RMB (as the case may be) and the USD may affect the value of the proceeds from a currency conversion.
- 7.2.32 Limited number of Authorized Participants Under the Multi-Counter arrangement, neither the HKD counter or the RMB counter is offered for primary creation and redemption, and the creation and redemption of Shares can only be effected through Authorized Participants. The number of Authorized Participants at any given time may be limited. Authorized Participants are under no obligation to accept instructions to apply for or redeem Shares on behalf of any person when, amongst other things, trading on NYSE Arca is restricted or suspended.
- 7.2.33 Multi-Counter risk If there is a suspension of the inter-counter transfer of Shares between the counters and/or any limitation on the level of services by brokers and CCASS participants, investors will only be able to trade their Shares in one counter. There is a risk that the market price on the Stock Exchange of Shares traded in one counter may deviate significantly from the market price on the Stock Exchange of Shares traded in another counter due to market liquidity, supply and demand in each counter and exchange rate fluctuations (and, in respect of the exchange rate between HKD and RMB, this includes the rates in both the onshore and offshore markets). The trading price of Shares in each counter is determined by market forces and so will not be the same as the trading price of Shares multiplied by the prevailing rate of foreign exchange. Accordingly, when selling or buying Shares traded in one counter, an investor may receive less or pay more than the equivalent amount in the currency of another counter than if the trade of the relevant Shares took place on another counter. There can be no assurance that the price of Shares in each counter will be equivalent. Investors without RMB or USD accounts may buy and sell HKD traded Shares only. Such investors will not be able to buy or sell RMB or USD traded Shares. It is possible that some brokers and CCASS

participants may not be familiar with and may not be able to (i) buy Shares in one counter and to sell Shares in another, (ii) carry out inter-counter transfers of Shares, or (iii) trade Shares in different counters at the same time. In such a case, another broker or CCASS participant may need to be used. Accordingly, this may inhibit or delay an investor dealing in the HKD, RMB and USD traded Shares and may mean that an investor may only be able to sell their Shares in one currency. Investors should check the readiness of their brokers in respect of the Multi-Counter trading and inter-counter transfer and should fully understand the services which the relevant broker is able to provide (as well as any associated fees). Some exchange participants may not provide inter-counter transfer or Multi-Counter trading services.

- 7.2.34 *Risks Associated with RMB currency* While the Shares may only be created or redeemed in USD in the manner set out in the U.S. Prospectus, the Shares in the RMB counter traded on the Stock Exchange are denominated and traded in RMB. It should be noted that RMB is currently not a freely convertible currency as it is subject to foreign exchange control policies and repatriation restrictions imposed by the PRC government. Such government's policies and restrictions are subject to change, and any such change may adversely impact the Trust. There can be no assurance that the RMB exchange rate will not fluctuate widely against the USD or any other foreign currency in the future.
- 7.2.35 *RMB Trading and Settlement of Shares* There is no assurance that there will not be problem with the systems or that other logistical problems will not arise in connection with the trading and settlement of RMB traded securities in Hong Kong. Investors should note that not all brokers may be ready and able to carry out trading and settlement of RMB traded Shares and thus they may not be able to deal in the RMB traded Shares through some brokers. Investors should check with their brokers in advance if they intend to engage Multi-Counter trading or in inter-counter transfers and should fully understand the services which the relevant broker is able to provide (as well as any associated fees). Some exchange participants may not provide inter-counter transfer or Multi-Counter trading services.
- 7.2.36 Exchange Rates Movement between the RMB and HKD Investors in RMB traded Shares whose assets and liabilities are predominantly in HKD or in currencies other than RMB should consider the potential risk of loss arising from fluctuations in value between such currencies and RMB. There is no guarantee that RMB will appreciate or depreciate against HKD or any other currency. If RMB appreciates in value, an investor may enjoy a gain in RMB terms but suffer a loss when converting funds from RMB back into HKD (or any other currency), and vice versa if RMB depreciates.
- 7.2.37 Future Movements in RMB Exchange Rates The exchange rate of RMB ceased to be pegged to USD on 21 July 2005, resulting in a more flexible RMB exchange rate system. China Foreign Exchange Trading System, authorised by the People's Bank of China (the "PBOC"), promulgates the central parity rate of RMB against USD, Euro, Yen, pound sterling and HKD at 9:15 a.m. on each business day, which will be the daily central parity rate for transactions on the Inter-bank Spot Foreign Exchange Market and OTC transactions of banks. The exchange rate of RMB against the above-mentioned currencies fluctuates within

a range above or below such central parity rate. As the exchange rates are based primarily on market forces, the exchange rates for RMB against other currencies, including USD and HKD, are susceptible to movements based on external factors. There can be no assurance that such exchange rates will not fluctuate widely against USD, HKD or any other foreign currency in the future. From 1994 to July 2005, the exchange rate for RMB against USD and the HKD was relatively stable. Since July 2005, the RMB has begun to appreciate until August 2015 when the PBOC introduced a one-off devaluation of RMB. There can be no assurance that RMB will not be subject to further devaluation. The future movements in RMB exchange rates are uncertain and the fluctuations may have a positive or negative impact on investors' investment in the Trust.

- 7.2.38 Offshore RMB (CNH) Market The onshore RMB (CNY) is the only official currency of the PRC and is used in all financial transactions between individuals, state and corporations in the PRC. Hong Kong is the first jurisdiction to allow accumulation of RMB deposits outside the PRC. Since June 2010, the offshore RMB (CNH) has been traded officially, regulated jointly by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority and the PBOC. While both CNY and CNH represent RMB, they are traded in different and separated markets. The two RMB markets operate independently where the flow between them is highly restricted. Though the CNH is a proxy of the CNY, they do not necessarily have the same exchange rate and their movement may not be in the same direction. This is because these currencies act in separate jurisdictions, which leads to separate supply and demand conditions for each, and therefore separate but related currency markets. The limited availability of RMB outside the PRC may affect the ability of investors to acquire Shares or to sell Shares of the Trust affecting the liquidity and trading price of the Shares on the Stock Exchange.
- 7.2.39 Reliance on Market Makers Although the Sponsor will use its best endeavours to put in place arrangements so that at least one market maker will maintain a market for the Shares traded in each counter (although the market maker for different counters may be the same entity) and that at least one market maker to each counter is required to give not less than three (3) months' notice prior to terminating market making arrangement, liquidity in the market for the Shares may be adversely affected if there is no or only one market maker for the RMB, HKD or USD traded Shares. There is also no guarantee that any market making activity will be effective. There may also be less interest by potential market makers in making a market in Shares denominated and traded in RMB. Any disruption to the availability of RMB may adversely affect the capability of Market Makers in providing liquidity for the Shares. Please refer to the Stock Exchange's website for the latest list of market makers.

#### 8. **PERFORMANCE OF THE TRUST**

8.1 Past performance of the Trust and its benchmark gold spot price (as of 31 December 2024) are as follows:

Trust/Benc hmark	One Year	Three Years (Annualise d Returns)	Five Years (Annualise d Returns)	Ten Years (Annualised Returns)	Since Inception on 18 November 2004 (Annualised Returns)
Trust	26.09%	12.32%	10.93%	7.65%	8.79%
LBMA Gold Price PM	25.53%	13.04%	11.48%	8.02%	9.22%

Notes:

- 1. The performance figures exceeding 1 year are based on annualised returns. All performance figures are calculated on a single pricing basis (NAV-NAV). The Trust's performance figures are calculated based on the NAV of the Trust at certain points in time as provided by the Trustee pursuant to the terms of the Trust Indenture. The LBMA Gold Price PM performance figures are based on the London PM Fix until 19 March 2015 and subsequently are based on the LBMA Gold Price PM. The figures do not include transaction fees which are payable to the Trustee only by persons purchasing and redeeming Baskets, and also do not include brokerage commissions and charges incurred only by persons who make purchases and sales of Shares in the secondary market. To date, the Trust has not made any distributions.
- 2. You should note that the past performance of the Trust is not necessarily indicative of the future performance of the Trust.

# 8.2 Total Expenses and Turnover Ratio

The Trust's only recurring fixed expense is the remuneration to the Sponsor of 0.40% per annum of the daily NAV of the Trust, accrued daily.

The turnover ratio of the Trust for the period 1 October 2023 to 30 September 2024 was 6.2%.

Note: The turnover ratio is calculated based on the lesser of purchases or sales of underlying investments expressed as a percentage of daily average NAV.

# 9. **CONFLICTS OF INTEREST**

Neither the Sponsor nor the Trustee is in any position of conflict in relation to the Trust. If a potential conflict of interest arises between either the Sponsor or the Trustee with

the Trust, the Sponsor and Trustee will consider their respective obligations under the Trust Indenture and will endeavour to act, so far as practicable, in the best interest of the Trust and Shareholders.

The Sponsor, Trustee and Custodians and their respective connected persons<sup>4</sup> are prohibited from voting their beneficially held Shares, if any, at or being counted in the quorum for a meeting of Shareholders at which they have a material interest in the business to be contracted.

The Sponsor, its principal officers and key executives, their associates, and any person acting on behalf of the Trust or the Sponsor are not entitled to receive any part of any brokerage charged to the Trust or any part of any fees,<sup>5</sup> allowances, or benefits received on purchases charged to the Trust.

# 10. RESIGNATION AND TERMINATION OF SPONSOR, TRUSTEE, CUSTODIANS AND TRUST

# 10.1 Circumstances under which the Sponsor, Trustee and Custodians may resign

10.1.1 Prior notice to Shareholders is not required for the resignation of the Sponsor, but such resignation is not effective unless a successor Sponsor is appointed or the Trust is liquidated. Section 7.03 of the Trust Indenture provides that if the Sponsor desires to resign, it must deliver a notice to the Trustee. Such resignation will not become effective until the earlier of the time when: (1) the Trustee appoints a successor sponsor to assume, with appropriate compensation from the Trust, the duties and obligations of the Sponsor, (2) the Trustee agrees to act as sponsor without appointing a successor sponsor, or (3) if a successor sponsor has not been found within 60 days following the date the instrument of resignation was delivered, the date the Trustee terminates and liquidates the Trust and distributes all remaining assets to DTC for distribution to DTC

(a) any person beneficially owning, directly or indirectly, twenty per cent or more of the ordinary share capital of the relevant person or able to exercise, directly or indirectly, twenty per cent or more of the total voting rights attributable to the voting share capital of the relevant person;

i. control (either direct or indirect) of the composition of the board of directors of that company; or

ii. control (either direct or indirect) of more than half the voting rights attributable to the voting share capital of that company; or

iii. the holding (either directly or indirectly) of more than half of the issued share capital (excluding any part of it which confers no right to participate beyond a specified amount in a distribution of either profits or capital),

provided always that if the Trustee and the Manager agree some other definition acceptable to the SFC of the expression "control" such definition shall be substituted for the above definition thereof;

(c) any company which is a holding company or subsidiary (in each case within the meaning of sections 13 and 15 respectively of the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) of the laws of Hong Kong) of the relevant person or a subsidiary of any such holding company; and

(d) any director or other officer of the relevant person or of any company which is a Connected Person of the relevant person pursuant to paragraph (a), (b) or (c) above.

For the avoidance of doubt, the word "fees" mentioned in this paragraph 9 shall exclude the Sponsor's fee payable to the Sponsor. The Sponsor shall be entitled to the Sponsor's fee, which is set out in paragraph 6.1 of this Prospectus.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Connected Person" means, in relation to any company (the "relevant person"):

<sup>(</sup>b) any person or company controlled by any such person as is described in paragraph (a) above; for this purpose "control" of a company means:

- participants who are then owners of Shares on the records of DTC. Any successor sponsor must be satisfactory to the Trustee.
- 10.1.2 Prior notice to Shareholders is required in the case of the resignation of the Trustee. Section 8.06 of the Trust Indenture provides that the Trustee may resign by executing a written instrument of resignation, filing the same with the Sponsor, mailing a copy to all Authorized Participants for distribution to Shareholders not less than sixty days before the date specified in such instrument when such resignation is to take effect. Any resignation of the Trustee and appointment of a successor Trustee will become effective upon acceptance of appointment by the successor Trustee.
- 10.1.3 Prior notice to Shareholders is not required for the resignation of a custodian. However, the Sponsor is authorized pursuant to Section 3.02 of the Trust Indenture to direct the Trustee to employ one or more other custodians in addition to or in replacement of any custodian. If any sole custodian then acting resigns and no successor custodian has been employed within 60 days of such resignation, the Trust must be liquidated.
- 10.1.4 Any resignation of the Sponsor, the Trustee or the Custodians will be announced via the website of the Stock Exchange upon confirmation of such resignation.

# 10.2 Circumstances under which the Sponsor, Trustee, Custodians and Trust may be terminated

- 10.2.1 If the Sponsor fails to perform or becomes incapable of performing any of the duties under the Trust Indenture, and such failure is not cured within 15 business days after notice from the Trustee, or the Sponsor becomes bankrupt or insolvent, then the Sponsor shall be deemed to have resigned. The Trustee may then: (1) appoint a successor Sponsor; or (2) agree to act as Sponsor; or (3) terminate and liquidate the Trust and distribute its remaining assets.
- 10.2.2 If the Sponsor determines that (1) the Trustee is guilty of wilful misconduct or malfeasance or wilful disregard of its duties under the Trust Indenture, (2) the Trustee has acted in bad faith in performing its duties thereunder, (3) there has occurred a material deterioration in the creditworthiness of the Trustee or (4) there has occurred one or more negligent acts or omissions on the part of the Trustee having a materially adverse effect, either singly or in the aggregate, on the Trust or the interests of the Shareholders, and the Trustee has not, within fifteen (15) days of receipt of the Sponsor's notice thereof, either (i) cured such adverse effect, or (ii) responded to that notice explaining the steps it will take to cure such adverse effect and shall have cured such adverse effect within 30 days from the date of the Sponsor's notice and shall have established, to the Sponsor's satisfaction, that such act or omission will not recur, the Sponsor may remove the Trustee and appoint a successor.

If the Trustee is no longer a bank, trust company, corporation or national banking association organized under the laws of the United States or any state thereof, authorized to exercise corporate trust powers, a participant in DTC and with an aggregate capital, surplus, and undivided profits of not less than US\$500,000,000, fails to perform or becomes incapable of performing any of

its duties under the Indenture, and such failure shall not be cured within 15 business days after notice from the Sponsor of such failure, or becomes bankrupt or insolvent, the Sponsor shall remove the Trustee and appoint a successor.

DTC participants acting on the direction of holders of at least 66 2/3% of the Shares then outstanding may at any time remove the Trustee by written instrument or instruments delivered to the Trustee and Sponsor.

- 10.2.3 The Trustee may terminate the custody agreements with either of the Custodians upon 90 business days' prior written notice to such Custodian. Any such notice given by the Trustee must specify: (a) the date on which the termination will take effect; (b) the person to whom the bullion is to be made available; and (c) all other necessary arrangements for the redelivery of the bullion to the Trustee.
- 10.2.4 The Trustee may terminate the Trust upon the occurrence of certain events. For additional details on the termination and liquidation of the Trust, please refer to the section headed "Termination events" in the U.S. Prospectus.
- 10.2.5 The Trustee will notify Shareholders in writing through DTC at least 20 days prior to termination of the Trust of the date of termination, upon which DTC will no longer permit transfers, and the anticipated period during which the assets of the Trust will be liquidated. The notice will also state that as of the date of such notice, creation and redemption requests will not be accepted. Within a reasonable time after the termination of the Trust, the Trustee will sell the Trust's gold bars and, after paying or making provision for the Trust's liabilities, distribute the proceeds to the Shareholders. It is anticipated that any such distribution of proceeds would take place within one month of termination of the Trust.

# 11. LIABILITY AND INDEMNIFICATION OF SPONSOR AND TRUSTEE

# 11.1 Liability and Indemnification of the Sponsor

The Sponsor will not be liable to the Trustee or any Shareholder for any action taken or for refraining from taking any action in good faith, or for errors in judgment or for depreciation or loss incurred by reason of the sale of any gold or other assets of the Trust. However, the preceding liability exclusion will not protect the Sponsor against any liability resulting from its own gross negligence, bad faith, wilful misconduct or wilful malfeasance in the performance of its duties or the reckless disregard of its obligations and duties to the Trust.

The Sponsor, and its owner/parent, members, directors, officers, employees, affiliates and subsidiaries are indemnified from the Trust and held harmless against certain losses, liabilities or expenses incurred in the performance of their duties under the Trust Indenture without gross negligence, bad faith, wilful misconduct, wilful malfeasance or reckless disregard of the indemnified party's obligations and duties under the Trust Indenture. Such indemnity includes payment from the Trust of the costs and expenses incurred in defending against any claim or liability under the Trust Indenture. Under the Trust Indenture, the Sponsor may be able to seek indemnification from the Trust for

payments it makes in connection with the Sponsor's activities under the Trust Indenture to the extent its conduct does not disqualify it from receiving such indemnification under the terms of the Trust Indenture. The Sponsor will also be indemnified from the Trust and held harmless against any loss, liability or expense arising under the Marketing Agent Agreement or any agreement entered into with an Authorized Participant which provides the procedures for the creation and redemption of Baskets and for the delivery of gold and any cash (in USD only notwithstanding the Multi-Counter) required for creations and redemptions insofar as such loss, liability or expense arises from any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in any written statement provided to the Sponsor by the Trustee. Any amounts payable to the Sponsor are secured by a lien on the Trust's assets.

# 11.2 Liability and Indemnification of the Trustee

### 11.2.1 Limitation on Trustee's Liability

The Trustee is not liable for the disposition of gold or moneys, or in respect of any evaluation which it makes under the Trust Indenture or otherwise, or for any action taken or omitted or for any loss or injury resulting from its actions or its performance or lack of performance of its duties under the Trust Indenture in the absence of gross negligence or wilful misconduct on its part. In no event will the Trustee be liable for acting in accordance with or conclusively relying upon any instruction, notice, demand, certificate or document from the Sponsor, an Authorized Participant or any entity acting on their behalf which the Trustee believes is given as authorized by the Trust Indenture. In addition, the Trustee is not liable for any delay in performance or for the non-performance of any of its obligations under the Trust Indenture by reason of causes beyond its reasonable control, including acts of God, war or terrorism. The Trustee is not liable for any indirect, consequential, punitive or special damages, regardless of the form of action and whether or not any such damages were foreseeable or contemplated, or for an amount in excess of the value of the Trust's assets.

# 11.2.2 Trustee's Liability for Custodial Services and Agents

The Trustee is not answerable for the default of either Custodian or any other custodian of the Trust's gold employed at the direction of the Sponsor or selected by the Trustee with reasonable care. The Trustee may also employ agents, attorneys, accountants, auditors and other professionals and shall not be answerable for the default or misconduct of any of them if they were selected with reasonable care. The fees and expenses charged by custodians for the custody of gold and related services, agents, attorneys, accountants, auditors or other professionals, and expenses reimbursable to any custodian under a custody agreement authorized by the Trust Indenture are expenses of the Sponsor.

# 11.2.3 Trustee's Liability for Taxes

The Trustee is not personally liable for any taxes or other governmental charges imposed upon the gold or its custody, moneys or other Trust assets, or on the income therefrom or the sale or proceeds of the sale thereof, or upon it as Trustee or upon or in respect of the Trust or the Shares. For all such taxes and

charges and for any expenses, including counsel's fees, which the Trustee may sustain or incur with respect to such taxes or charges, the Trustee will be reimbursed and indemnified out of the Trust's assets and the payment of such amounts shall be secured by a lien on the Trust's assets.

#### 11.2.4 Indemnification of the Trustee

The Trustee and its directors, shareholders, officers, employees, agents and affiliates will be indemnified from the Trust's assets against any loss, liability or expense: (1) in connection with the acceptance or administration of the Trust and any actions taken in accordance with the Trust Indenture or the administration of the Trust or in connection with any offer or sale of Shares incurred without (A) gross negligence, bad faith, wilful misconduct and wilful malfeasance on the part of the indemnified party and without (B) reckless disregard on the part of the indemnified party of its obligations and duties under the Trust Indenture or (2) related to any filings or submissions, or the failure to make any filings or submissions, with the SEC concerning the Shares, except where the loss, liability or expense arises out of any written information provided by the Trustee to the Sponsor for any such filings or submissions. Such indemnity shall include payment from the Trust of the costs and expenses incurred by the indemnified party in investigating or defending itself against any claim or liability. Any amounts payable to an indemnified party may be payable in advance or will be secured by a lien on the Trust's assets.

# 11.2.5 Indemnity for Actions Taken to Protect the Trust

The Trustee is under no obligation to appear in, prosecute or defend any action that in its opinion may involve it in expense or liability, unless it is furnished with reasonable security and indemnity against the expense or liability. The Trustee's costs resulting from the Trustee's appearance in, prosecution of, or defense of any such action are deductible from and constitute a lien against the Trust's assets. Subject to the preceding conditions, the Trustee shall, in its discretion, undertake such action as it may deem necessary to protect the Trust and the rights and interests of all Shareholders pursuant to the terms of the Trust Indenture.

#### 11.2.6 Protection for Amounts due to Trustee

If any fees or costs owed to the Trustee under the Trust Indenture are not paid when due, the Trustee may sell or otherwise dispose of any Trust assets (including gold) and pay itself from the proceeds. As security for all obligations owed to the Trustee under the Trust Indenture, the Sponsor, each Authorized Participant and each Shareholder grants the Trustee a continuing security interest in, and a lien on, the Trust's assets and all Trust distributions.

#### 11.2.7 Holding of Trust Property other than Gold

The Trustee holds and records the ownership of the Trust's assets in such a manner so that they are not subject to any right, charge, security interest, lien or claim of any kind in favor of the Trustee or its creditors, except a claim for payment of services, advances, indemnities and expenses by the Trustee in

providing services as trustee or, in the case of cash deposits held by the Trustee, liens or rights in favor of creditors of the Trustee arising under bankruptcy, insolvency or similar laws.

The Trustee holds any money the Trust receives, without interest, as a deposit for the account of the Trust in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Indenture, until it is required to be disbursed. Any Trust assets other than gold or cash will be held by the Trustee either directly or through the Federal Reserve Treasury Book Entry System for United States and federal agency securities (Book Entry System), DTC, or through any other clearing agency or similar system (Clearing Agency), if available. The Trustee has no responsibility or liability for the actions or omissions of the Book Entry System, DTC or any Clearing Agency. The Trustee shall not be liable for ascertaining or acting upon any calls, conversions, exchange offers, tenders, interest rate changes, or similar matters relating to securities held at DTC.

#### 12. **REPORTS**

#### 12.1 Financial Year End

The fiscal year end of the Trust is 30 September.

# 12.2 Reports

The Trust's Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q are filed with the SEC within 40 days after the end of the relevant fiscal quarter. The Trust's Annual Reports on Form 10-K are filed within 60 days after the end of the Trust's fiscal year. The Trusts' Quarterly Reports and Annual Reports will be in English only.

The Trust's Quarterly Reports and Annual Reports are also posted on the SEC's website at <a href="https://www.sec.gov">www.sec.gov</a> and on the Trust's website at <a href="https://www.spdrgoldshares.com">www.spdrgoldshares.com</a>.

You should note that the Trust is recognized as a "well-known seasoned issuer" in the U.S. and is permitted to engage at any time in all communications, including use at any time of a "free writing prospectus" which contain information in relation to the Trust. You may access all "free writing prospectuses" at www.sec.gov/edgar/searchedgar/companysearch.html.

As defined in the U.S. Securities Act Rule 405, "free writing prospectuses" are written communications, including electronic communications, that constitute an offer to sell or solicitation to buy securities in a registered offering by means other than the statutory Prospectus. The "free writing prospectuses" may include information that is not included in the registration statement, but it cannot conflict with information in the filed registration statement, including any prospectus and any reports filed under the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934 incorporated by reference.

#### 13. **MEETINGS**

The Trust Indenture makes no provision for meetings of shareholders.

Shareholders have no voting rights except in limited circumstances. Section 10.07(d) of the Trust Indenture provides that the requisite number of "Beneficial Owners" (as

defined below) may, by vote, (i) remove the Trustee pursuant to Section 8.06 of the Trust Indenture; (ii) terminate the Trust pursuant to Section 9.01 of the Trust Indenture; and (iii) approve an amendment of the Trust Indenture pursuant to Section 10.01 of the Trust Indenture.

"Beneficial Owners" is defined, pursuant to Section 3.10(d) as (i) the DTC Participants; (ii) banks, dealers and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a DTC Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"); and (iii) persons holding interests through DTC Participants and Indirect Participants.

Votes would be taken by proxy or ballot.

#### 14. HONG KONG TAX CONSIDERATIONS

#### 14.1 Taxation of the Trust

#### 14.1.1 Profits tax

Hong Kong profits tax is charged on profits from a trade, profession or business carried on by a person in Hong Kong in respect of profits arising in or derived from Hong Kong. Hong Kong does not levy capital gains tax nor is there any general turnover, sales or value-added tax.

As the Trust is authorised as a collective investment scheme by the SFC under Section 104 of the SFO, income and profits of the Trust are exempt from Hong Kong profits tax pursuant to Section 26A(1A)(a) of the Inland Revenue Ordinance (Cap. 112).

# 14.1.2 Withholding Tax

Distributions paid by the Trust to its Shareholders will not be subject to any withholding tax in Hong Kong.

#### 14.1.3 *Stamp Duty*

Transfer of gold and gold bullion is not subject to Hong Kong stamp duty.

#### 14.2 Taxation of the Shareholders

The following is a discussion of certain anticipated Hong Kong tax considerations relating to a Shareholder's investment in the Trust. Each Shareholder should seek its own tax advice from an independent tax adviser based on such Shareholder's own particular facts and circumstances.

# 14.2.1 Profits tax

Hong Kong does not tax gains of a capital nature arising from the sale or other disposal of the Shares in the Trust by its Shareholders in general. However, in the case of certain Shareholders (e.g. dealers in securities, financial institutions and insurance companies carrying on a trade or business in Hong Kong), such gains may be considered to be trading gains rather than gains of a capital nature

and hence, be subject to Hong Kong profits tax. Currently, profits tax is imposed on corporations at the rate of 16.5% and on unincorporated businesses at a rate of 15.0%, with the first HK\$2 million of assessment profits charged at 8.25% for corporations and 7.5% for unincorporated businesses, subject to certain conditions being met.

Distributions by the Trust should generally not be subject to Hong Kong profits tax in the hands of the Shareholders (whether by way of withholding or otherwise).

# 14.2.2 Stamp Duty

Hong Kong stamp duty is payable on the transfer of Hong Kong stock. "Hong Kong stock" is defined as "stock" the transfer of which is required to be registered in Hong Kong. The Shares fall within the definition of "Hong Kong stock".

No Hong Kong Stamp Duty is payable by a Shareholder in relation to an issue of Shares or on the redemption of Shares where the sale or transfer of the Shares is effected by the Sponsor who then either extinguishes the Shares or re-sells the Shares to another person within two months thereof.

Other types of sales or purchases or transfers of the Shares by the Shareholders should be liable to Hong Kong Stamp Duty at 0.1% (borne by each of the buyer and seller) on the higher of the consideration amount or market value.

Shareholders should consult their own professional tax advisors on the possible taxation consequences of subscribing for, buying, holding, redeeming, transferring, selling, or otherwise disposing of the Trust's interests.

#### 15. **QUERIES AND COMPLAINTS**

You may call the Hong Kong Representative, SSGA Hong Kong, at +852 2103 0100 to raise any queries or complaints regarding the Trust.

#### 16. DOCUMENTS AVAILABLE FOR INSPECTION IN HONG KONG

The following documents will be available for inspection at the office of SSGA Hong Kong<sup>6</sup> at 68/F, Two International Finance Centre, 8 Finance Street, Central, Hong Kong, during normal business hours:

- the latest version of the Trust Indenture;
- the latest version of the Novation Agreement between HSBC Bank USA, N.A., HSBC Bank plc and The Bank of New York Mellon;
- the latest version of the Allocated Precious Metal Account Agreement between JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. and The Bank of New York Mellon;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> State Street Global Advisors Asia Limited will hold copies of the above documents for your inspection. However, it is not in any way acting as an agent for the Sponsor or Trustee.

- the latest version of the Unallocated Previous Metal Account Agreement between JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. and The Bank of New York Mellon;
- the latest available Annual Report of the Trust on Form 10-K;
- the latest available Quarterly Reports of the Trust on Form 10-Q; and
- the latest U.S. prospectus of the Trust.

Copies of the above documents may be obtained from SSGA Hong Kong upon request, subject to a reasonable administrative fee. The above documents are also available on the Trust's website at <a href="https://www.spdrgoldshares.com/#hongkong">www.spdrgoldshares.com/#hongkong</a>.